L. P. Fisher
21 Merchant Exchange

Winters Advocate.

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The Winters Advocate.

W. O. WARNOCK.
PUBLISHER AND PROPRIETOR.

ISSUED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING.

PUBLICATION OFFICE:
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Winters, Yolo County, Cal.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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Six months, in advance	1 50
Three months, in advance	1 00

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One square, one time	$1 00
Each additional insertion	50
One square, four weeks	3 00
One column, four weeks	20 00
One column, four weeks	15 00
Half column, four weeks	9 00
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Special rates by the year.
Legal advertising at rates established by law.
Star (*) notices in the local department, ten cents a line for the first and five cents a line for each subsequent insertion.
☞ All transient advertisements must be paid for in advance.
JOB PRINTING of all descriptions neatly executed.
Address all communications to WINTERS ADVOCATE, Winters, Yolo County, Cal.

J. D. GREGORY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Cor. of South and First Sts.,
WINTERS.
WILL attend to all calls in the line of the profession DAY or NIGHT. nov18-tf

W. A. HUGHSON, M. D.,
Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon.
OFFICE—Over Capital Bank, Corner J and Fourth Streets. Residence—Tenth Street, between G and H, Sacramento. Office Hours—11 to 12 A. M.; 1 to 2 P. M.; 6 to 8 in the evening.

W. T. BELL, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon,
A GRADUATE of the University of Pennsylvania, has permanently located in Winters, and now offers his services to the afflicted who may need his skill.
Office—Next to Drug Store, Main Street.

D. E. ALEXANDER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
SACRAMENTO.
my27

WILKINSON & GIBSON,
BARBERS,
HAVE LOCATED ON
MAIN STREET, adjoining Welch's Saloon.
Where they are prepared to do all work in their line and hope by
STRICT ATTENTION TO BUSINESS,
TO MERIT PUBLIC PATRONAGE.
Ladies' and Children's Hair Cutting
A SPECIALTY.
ap29-tf

WESTERN HOTEL,
Nos. 41, 43, 45, 47, 49 and 51 K Street,
SACRAMENTO, CAL.
THIS Hotel is entirely new, having just been completed with all the modern improvements. 250 NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS.
MEALS, 25 Cents.
LODGINGS, 25 and 50 Cents.
Free Coach to the Hotel. Exchange Office, Barber Shop, Bath Rooms and Laundry in the House. Shower Baths FREE to Guests.
WM. LAND, Proprietor.
my27-tf

PARKER HOUSE,
WINTERS, YOLO COUNTY, CAL.
THE above Hotel is large, commodious and well aired. The
LODGING DEPARTMENT AND FAMILY ROOMS
Are arranged in superior style.
THE TABLE
Will at all times be supplied with the best the market affords.
BOARD AND LODGING
At Reasonable Rates.
The BAR is well stocked with choice
Liquors and Cigars.
nov6-tf
C. H. CLAPP. S. S. PARKER.

CLAPP & PARKER,
PRACTICAL
Watchmakers, Jewelers
AND OPTICIANS,
POSTOFFICE, WINTERS, YOLO CO., CAL.
WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY
CAREFULLY AND PROMPTLY REPAIRED.
SPECTACLES
TO SUIT ALL EYES.
ALL Watches or Clocks for repairs, or orders for Goods, left with the Express or Station Agents or Conductors of Trains, will receive prompt attention and satisfaction guaranteed.
ALL GRADES OF
AMERICAN WATCHES
PROMPTLY SUPPLIED.
Agents for National Clock Co.
feb26-tf

My Mother's Hands.

Such beautiful, beautiful hands!
They're neither white nor small;
And you, I know, would scarcely think
That they are fair at all.
I've looked on hands whose form and hue
A sculptor's dream might be;
Yet are those aged, wrinkled hands
Most beautiful to me.

Such beautiful, beautiful hands!
Though heart were weary and sad,
Those patient hands kept toiling on,
That the children might be glad.
I always weep, as looking back
To childhood's distant day,
I think how those hands rested not,
When mine were at their play.

Such beautiful, beautiful hands!
They're growing feeble now,
For time and pain have left their mark
On hands, and heart and brow.
Alas! alas! the nearing time,
And the sad, sad day to me,
When 'neath the daisies, out of sight,
These hands will folded be.

But oh, beyond this shadow land,
Where all is bright and fair,
I know full well these dear old hands
Will palms of victory bear;
Where crystal streams through endless years
Flow over golden sands,
And where the old grow young again,
I'll clasp my mother's hands.

Isolation.

We walk alone through all life's various ways,
Through light and darkness, sorrow, joy and change;
And greeting each to each, through passing days,
Still we are strange.

We hold our dear ones with a firm, strong grasp;
We hear their voices, look into their eyes;
And yet, betwixt us in that clinging clasp
A distance lies.

We cannot *know their hearts*, howe'er we may
Mingle thought, aspiration, hope and prayer;
We cannot reach them, and in vain essay
To enter there.

Still, in each heart of hearts a hidden deep
Lies, never fathomed by its dearest, best;
With closest care our purest thoughts we keep,
And tenderest.

But, blessed thought! we shall not always so
In darkness and in sadness walk alone;
There comes a glorious day when we shall know
As we are known.

ELINOR GRAY.

Penrhyn's Ward.

"I don't want to seem impertinent, old fellow, but I should really like to know how you happened to do it? I should, by Jove!"

"Get married, you mean?"

"Why, yes; you were old enough——"

"To know better, eh?" interrupted Larry Penrhyn, knocking the ashes off his cigar.

"Precisely," answered his friend; "and, you see, nobody expected it of you, because you were always so infernally certain of remaining a bachelor, and gave everybody your word for it!"

"When I said I should die a bachelor, I did not think I would live to be married," quoted Penrhyn, yet with a reflective cast in his eye to satisfy one that something more rational was to be expected.

It was a cool night, and there was confidence burning in the coals on the hearth, and the two men sitting beside it, with the tobacco between them, were old cronies. Time and circumstance had drifted in between them, but for this one night, at least, they were together again, and sat talking as women are said to talk to each other of the hidden life, but as only men can, because of common morals, common manners, and common follies.

"I really could not help it, Tom," said Penrhyn, looking hard into the fire. "It really seemed the only thing to do at the time!"

It was rather a strange reason to give for so grave an event, but, looking into the calm, strong face of the man—taking into consideration the massive, intellectual brow, the firm, yet tender mouth, one might know that it could be nothing less than worthy a true and honorable gentleman, however anomalous in form.

"You want to know all about it?" at last, he said, with a laugh, and blowing up a fog of blue smoke around him, he settled deeper in his arm-chair, as if it were no short story.

"Well, to begin with, my wife is the daughter of Halstead Scot, whom you doubtless remember."

Now, indeed, did blank surprise sit upon the countenance of Penrhyn's friend, who did not remember Halstead Scot, the lawyer, whose stupendous rascality and breach of trust had convulsed a city, and whose miserable self-murder the world yet talked about.

"I do not wonder that you are surprised that I should have married the daughter of such a man, especially as that man was not supposed to have a daughter up to the hour of his death; but hear the story and reserve your judgment until you get the case.

"About six months previous to Scot's suicide, and when his irregular practice was only being hinted at, softly, among the knowing ones, he came to my office one day, and wanted me to join him in the prosecution of some cotton claims against the Government.

"I thought it rather queer that a man in his position should approach me, scarcely a full-fledged barrister, with propositions of such magnificence, but more out of curiosity than any actual idea of taking hold of the matter, I asked for time to look into the case. The papers were old, yellow, apparently without a flaw, and involving millions of dollars, yet I concluded that, in justice to my own clients, I could not undertake to work in the case. The next thing that came was Scot's suicide, and the papers rang with his attempted fraud, his forgery, and the complaints of the people whose moneys he had held in trust and speculated away.

At this point in the unhappy man's history, my real connection with him began.

"The morning following his death there came to me through the mails a letter reading something in this wise:

"'LARRY PENRHYN.—I believe you to be an honest man. I, therefore, give the enclosed papers into your keeping, feeling sure that the secret they contain will be safe with you, and that you will protect from all painful knowledge the being whose life they so vitally concern. (Signed)

HALSTEAD SCOT.'

"Now comes the most singular part of the story. The papers inclosed were a certificate of marriage between Halstead Scot, and Gabrielle Wyndham; Government bonds to the amount of thirty thousand dollars, registered in the name of Gabrielle Scot, and the necessary directions for finding that person.

"Two days later there came to me another letter, written in a cramped, old-fashioned, and feminine style, from which, as I opened it, there fell out a printed slip, cut from some newspaper, and giving an account of Scot's unhappy end. The letter itself was scant of words and ceremony, and briefly stated that Scot had informed the writer that in case of his death I was to act as Miss Gabrielle's guardian, and requesting earnestly that I would see my ward at my earliest convenience, and *this* letter was signed Patience Wyndham.

"Fortunately for my curiosity and the exigencies of the case, I could get away from town just at that particular time, and as there really seemed no way of decently abandoning the trust without betraying the dead man's confidence, I started off at once.

"It was a romantic little country place at which I found them, with mountains all around the half-hundred of houses; the church, the store, the tavern that formed the village, and near a little waterfall, that was a waterfall not because some fellow with an eye for the picturesque effect had built a dam across its course, but because there was an abrupt descent in the rock at that point, I found Miss Patience Wyndham's house.

"I had fetched her letter with me, and upon sending it in with my name, I was immediately admitted to the presence of a stately dame, whose attire was copied after some Quaker ancestress, and whose very countenance and manner bespoke her name—Patience.

"She asked me a great many questions about Halstead Scot, which I could but answer with the meagre, unpleasant truths that formed my stock of knowledge respecting the man, and then it came her turn to talk. She told me that years ago, when she was but eighteen, her mother died, leaving her at the head of her father's household. In one year after her father married again, and fifteen months later both he and the new wife had gone the way of all flesh, leaving Patience at twenty alone in the world, with an infant sister three months old to care for, and an income that only with the strictest economy could be made adequate to their needs.

"Well, for twenty years this woman, putting her youth and everything that is natural to it under her feet, was mother, sister, everything to Gabrielle, who grew from babyhood into a lovely girl, doing only 'her duty' with unconscious heroism, and giving me the record as if it were something scarcely worth the telling, only that it was necessary to explain.

"As I said before, the child grew up to be a lovely girl, fair and graceful, pure and good, and the faithful sister found all recompense now, for what at first must have been all sacrifice, in this only thing of kindred blood left her.

"At length there came a young lawyer, one summer-time, to fish and hunt in that wild and quiet country place, and before Miss Patience quite came to realize the danger, the heart of her sister-child was won from her, and the couple were married.

"To make a long story short, this young lawyer was Halstead Scot. Six months he spent happily with his young wife, then he went away, and, although he wrote her occasionally, he forbade her always to join him, and so the fair, frail creature faded day by day, until the hour when her baby came struggling into life, and then shut her weary eyes forever on a world wherein she had grown so sadly tired—wherein she had learned the bitterness of unfulfilled graves, and death that renders not unto dust—and Patience Wyndham was once more left to fill the mother's office to a worse than orphaned child.

"Fifteen years passed, and, stirred by a feeling of remorse by a remembrance of his old romance or what not, Scot came once more to the little village under the mountains. He refused to see his daughter, and told Miss Wyndham enough of his own career to satisfy her that it was wisest so, but a week following his visit a pure white monument in form of a broken column was erected over his wife's grave, and every six months during the remainder of his life there came regularly a certain sum of money to Miss Wyndham for the support of the young Gabrielle.

"This was the whole of the story, as that sweet old saint told it to me, and naturally I grew extremely anxious to see this child of romance, over whom I was so singularly appointed guardian.

"'The child does not know her father's history,' said Miss Patience, 'and I could wish she might always remain in happy ignorance of it!' and then the child came in.

"She was fair-haired, slight, blue-eyed, graceful, shy, with nothing of her father about her in appearance or characteristics, and after a few days I came home, not in love with my ward, as you suspect, but thinking her a pure, innocent child, wonderfully born of such a father, and really not dissatisfied with my guardianship.

"In fact my charge was no burden to me while Miss Patience lived, and the thirty thousand dollars made all clear for the future, I imagined with a man's wonderful understanding of a woman's needs; and so for three years placidly the time went on, then there came a note from Gabrielle herself, announcing the serious illness of her aunt, and I went hastily away into the country.

"I found Miss Wyndham dying; her noble sands of life were almost told, and there will be few whiter robes in Heaven than that she wears. She had no fear for herself in that passing away; only a great thought reaching out into the future for the young girl whom she must leave alone in a world where even her saintly eyes had seen much neither good nor true.

"I promised all that I could, and while the dying woman seemed to trust me, she understood better than I how little equal to the protection of a young girl's life an unmarried man can be, and was but half satisfied when the final moment came.

"Poor Gabrielle was distracted; she clung to me as a brother. I pitied her, but I pitied myself more, because she took no thought, and I did, of the future which now loomed up before me like a terrible problem, to which the thirty thousand dollars offered not the slightest clue of solution.

"What to do with her now I did not know. I had no near female relative; I had not even the traditional old nurse to help me out of the dilemma. My business was suffering from neglect, and yet I could not leave this clinging, grief-stricken girl alone and unsettled in this first space of her desolation.

"I finally determined to ask a widow lady, who was a distant relative of Halstead Scot, to take charge of his daughter, but before writing to her, I thought it only kind in me to consult my ward in the matter, and learn if there were any other arrangement possible more congenial to her own mind.

"She came to the interview looking most fair and fragile in her black dress, and listened attentively to my proposition. Then the tears which lay very near to her eyes in those sad days pushed their way from under the terse-drawn eyelids, and rolled heavily over the white young cheeks, and she said in a trembling, pitiful way:

"'Then I cannot live with you, Mr. Penrhyn?'

"I had rather pronounce the death sentence in a thousand cases than to be obliged again to meet the emergency that stared out of those innocent eyes at me; but something had to be done then and there, and I had rather have tried moderate strangulation in my own person than to have explained to this pure child the reasons why she might not live in my house as my sister when there seemed no other home—no heart in all the world that held for her a kindly feeling save mine.

"So, and as I told you in the beginning, it seemed the only thing to do at the time, I asked her as gently and delicately as I could, to marry me.

"It came very sudden to her, and especially so to me; but she consented, not that she was greatly in love with me any more than I with her, but because her quiet, straightforward life had taught her none of the hollow sentimentality or pride that would have led her to question my sincerity, or the prospect of forming a connection that held no romance, but only the continued society and friendship of one whom her aunt had held in respect and trusted.

"Immediately, and beside Miss Patience's new-made bed, blanketed whitely with a drift of sweet syringa bells, we were married, I feeling, at last, content that the sainted dead would now rest quietly from her labors, if her spirit might look down upon us two made one."

"And—I beg your pardon—but did it turn out well?" asked the listening friend, his cigar burned down within a hair-breadth of the blonde moustache, and smothered recklessly with a long white ash.

"Turn out well! Why, Gabrielle and I have grown to love each other to a degree that makes the slightest separation unhappiness to both. There are two babies, and—Lord love you, man, I guess it did turn out well!" and the smoking Tom fumbled the long, white ash into the gayly-painted saucer at his elbow, and murmured, somewhat cynically:

"After all, it was an experiment."

The Heart of Napoleon.

The very interesting series of articles entitled "Napoleon at St. Helena," by one of the Emperor's attendants, which have been appearing in *The St. James's Magazine*, have now come to an end with the death of the Emperor. Francis Stewart, the narrator, gives a curious account of a scene which took place at the funeral of Napoleon. "I had in my hands Napoleon's heart, which he desired Marshal Bertrand to have embalmed, placed in a silver vase, and sent to his son, Napoleon II. The heart was unusually large, and very fat; and before it was soldered up all the French servants, by their own request, saw it, some of them kissed it, and falling on their knees offered up a prayer. I, wishing to do as they did, fell on my knees, too, which seemed to gratify them, but of course, as I did not understand what they were praying for, I said no prayer, neither had I sufficient 'stomach' to kiss the heart, although Napoleon had been a kind master and a benevolent friend to me. Sir Thomas Reade and Sir Hudson Lowe having seen me on my knees, the latter said when I came out, 'So, Mr. Stewart, you have been praying, too; I did not know you were a Papist.' Sir Thomas Reade said with a sneer, 'Have you been praying to the devil to take his heart as well as his body?' 'No, Sir,' I replied; 'there will be no occasion for any praying to the devil to take your body and heart, because he has had them ever since I knew you!'" Such conduct as this on the part of English officials toward a dead enemy certainly well merited the sharp reply of Stewart, and seems to justify the intense feeling against the guardians of Napoleon which is experienced by Frenchmen. The story is a most extraordinary one, and deserves investigation.

As we cannot judge of the motion of the earth but by some radiant and celestial point beyond it, so the wicked cannot judge of their progress in iniquity but by fixing their attention on some bright character that is not of them, but above them.

NEVER be idle. If your hands cannot be usefully employed attend to the cultivation of your mind.

Fruit as Food.

Dr. M. L. Holbrook, a good while ago, in speaking of fruit as food said: There is one other value in fruit which I cannot pass over in this connection without notice. One of the common diseases of children is worms in the bowels. If a child's digestion become impaired and the gastric juice become weakened or defective in quantity by overeating or bad food, the whole alimentary canal becomes clogged up and filthy, and furnishes nests for such worms as will breed there. In this weakened condition of the system, they cannot be destroyed by the process of digestion, and hence great harm comes from them. Now, it is an interesting fact that fresh, ripe fruit is the best preventive for this state of things. Dr. Benjamin Rush pointed this out a hundred years ago. He made a series of experiments on earth worms, which he regarded as more nearly allied to those that infest the bowels of children than any other, with a view to test their power of retaining life under the influence of various substances that might be used as worm medicines. The results proved that worms often lived longer in those substances known as poisonous than in some of the most harmless articles of food. For instance, in watery solutions of opium they lived eleven minutes; in infusion of pink root, thirty-three minutes; in claret wine, ten minutes; but in the juice of red cherries they died in six minutes; black cherries in five minutes; red currants in three minutes; gooseberries in four minutes; whortleberries in seven minutes; and raspberries in five minutes.

From these experiments Dr. Rush argued that fresh ripe fruits, of which children are very fond, are the most speedy and effectual poisons for worms. In practice this theory has proved to be correct. If we eat and drink hot and exciting materials the blood becomes inflamed, the nerves exasperated, and the brain sends out thoughts that are base and mean. If we do away with those foods that only influence the passions, and substitute more fruit in their place, we would need less restraint on wrong doers, for our heads would be clearer, our blood cooler, our nerves steadier, our impulses more subject to reason, and life would be a hundred per cent. truer and better than it is to-day.

The above is timely and, we believe, good advice.

Vaccination.

Dr. J. H. Kellogg, editor of the *Health Reformer*, writes a judicious article on this subject and concludes with this summing up:

Our position on this question at the present time is, in brief, as follows:—

1. Vaccination is a protective against small-pox.
2. Hygienic living is as good a protective.
3. Vaccination, as usually practiced, may become the means of communicating most deadly and loathsome diseases.
4. Vaccination is not a certain protective against small-pox.
5. Hygienic living will not only fortify a person against the disease, but will enable him to pass through it safely if he chances to take it.
6. Vaccination will itself sometimes occasion death. At the best, it is an expenditure of vitality and a poisoning of the system unpleasant to think of.
7. Vaccination is unnecessary for those who are protected by hygienic living, and such ought not to be compelled to submit to it.
8. Since the great masses of the poor of our large cities can never be made to conform to the rules of right living, it may be that vaccination is for them the best expedient.
9. If vaccination must be practiced, only the bovine virus should be employed, so that all risk of communicating other diseases may be avoided.

FAT MEAT.—A celebrated French instructor in the art of cookery says that fat meat is the most profitable. He adds: Many buy inferior meats on account of the waste of the fat that is always found in good meat. When the fat is wasted, it is the fault of the cook, who does not know how to use it. The fat skimmed off the broth of boiled meat, and that coming from the trimming of raw or cold beef, is much superior to lard to fry with. Lard flies all over; beef fat never does when properly melted. To melt beef fat or suet, cut it in small pieces, and set on rather a slow fire, in an iron pan. As soon as it begins to melt, skim the melted part off with a ladle, and turn it into a stone jar, which you cover when cold. Put it away in a cool, dry, and dark place. A careful cook never needs lard for frying purposes, but always has more fat than is necessary out of boiling or roasting pieces.

MINCED MUTTON WITH POACHED EGGS.—Mince the mutton small, taking out all skin and sinew. Put into a stewpan a small piece of butter with one or two onions, some parsley, and a sprig of tarragon, all chopped fine, and let them fry well in the butter; then add sufficient stock for the quantity of meat; pepper and salt to taste, a little browning if needed for the color, and a tablespoonful or more of flour mixed in a little stock or water. Stir constantly, and when the sauce is smooth and well boiled, add the minced mutton, and warm it through, but do not let it boil, or it will be hard. Pour it upon a dish, and serve it with some nicely poached eggs on the top.

ORANGE CAKES FOR BREAKFAST.—One quart of flour, one cupful of butter, four eggs, two tablespoonfuls of yeast. Make into a stiff batter at night with milk. Next morning add a teacupful of corn meal. Beat all well together, and put into cups to rise before baking.

To make oatmeal cakes, soak a cup of oatmeal in a cup of cold water, adding a pinch of salt, over night. In the morning, add a cup of sour milk, a tablespoonful of sugar, a teaspoonful of soda, and either wheat flour or fine oatmeal to make it as stiff as fritters, and then bake.

A TEA made of peach leaves is a sure cure for kidney difficulties.

A Mean Device.

There were a score or more of women gathered together at Mr. Johnson's house. Mr. Johnson is a good-hearted man and a respectable citizen, though he is rather skeptical about some things. The woman had just organized "The Foreign Benevolent Society," when Mr. Johnson entered the room. He was at once appealed to to donate a few dollars as a foundation to work on, and Mrs. Graham added:

"It would be so pleasant in after years for you to remember that you gave this society its first dollar and its first kind word."

He slowly opened his wallet, drew out a $10 bill, and, as the ladies smacked their lips and clapped their hands he asked:

"Is this society organized to aid the poor of foreign countries?"

"Yes—yes—yes!" they chorused.

"And it wants money?"

"Yes—yes!"

"Well, now," said Johnson, as he folded the bill in a tempting shape, "there are twenty married women here. If there are fifteen of you who can make oath that you have combed your children's hair this morning, washed the dishes, blacked the cook-stove, and made the beds, I'll donate this $10."

"I have," answered two of the crowd, and the rest said:

"Why, now, Mr. Johnson!"

"If fifteen of you can make oath that your husbands are not wearing socks with holes in the heels, this money is yours," continued the wretch.

"Just hear him!" they exclaimed, each one looking at the other.

"If ten of you have boys without holes in the knees of their pants, this 'X' goes to the society!" said Johnson.

"Such a man!" they whispered.

"If there are five pair of stockings in this room that don't need darning, I'll hand over the money!" he went on.

"Mr. Johnson," said Mrs. Graham, with great dignity, "the rules of this society declare that no money shall be contributed except by members; and as you are not a member, I beg that you will withdraw and let us proceed with the routine business."—*Washington Chronicle.*

The Matrimonial Creed.

Whosoever will be married, says the New Haven *Register*, before all things it is necessary that he hold the conjugal faith; and the conjugal faith is this: That there were two rational beings created, both equal, and yet one superior to the other, and the inferior shall bear rule over the superior, which faith, except every one keep whole and undefiled, without doubt he shall be scolded at everlastingly.

The man is superior to the woman and the woman is inferior to the man; yet both are equal, and the woman shall govern the man.

The woman is commanded to obey the man, and the man ought to obey the woman.

And yet there are not two obedients—but one obedient.

For there is one dominion nominal of the husband, and another dominion real of the wife.

And yet there are not two dominions, but one dominion.

For, like as we are compelled by the Christian verity to acknowledge that wives must submit themselves to their husbands and be subject to them in all things.

So we are forbidden by the conjugal faith to say that they should be at all influenced by their wills to pay regards to their commands.

The man was not created for the woman, but the woman for the man;

Yet the man shall be the slave of the woman and the woman the tyrant of the man;

So that in all things, as aforesaid, the subjection of the superior to the inferior is to be believed.

He, therefore, that will be married, must thus think of the woman and the man.

Furthermore, it is necessary to submissive matrimony that he also believe rightly the infallibility of his wife.

For the right faith is that we believe and confess that the wife is fallible and infallible.

Perfectly fallible and perfectly infallible; of an erring soul and unerring mind subsisting; fallible, as touching her human nature; and infallible as touching her female sex.

Who, although she be fallible and infallible, yet she is not two, but one woman; who submitted to lawful marriage to acquire unlawful dominion; and promised religiously to obey, that she might rule with uncontrolled sway.

This is the conjugal faith; which, except a man believe faithfully, he cannot be married.

Would Pay His Share at Once.

Yesterday a lady entered a grocery store on Broad street, where she found the proprietor fanning himself with his hat, and looking somewhat overcome with the heat.

"Why, Mr. ——, you look worried," says the lady, elevating her eye-glasses so as to take a close look.

"Worried, the devil! These infernal careless clerks of mine are calculated to worry any man."

"Why, what's the matter?" asked the lady, "any one of your clerks absconded, or have they made a mistake and given sixteen ounces for a pound?"

"No, neither, madam; but worse than that. While putting a barrel of molasses in the cellar, through their carelessness, they let it drop, and out came the head, and lost all of the molasses."

"But," he added, "some person will have to pay for it."

Later in the afternoon a six-year-old son of the lady came into the store, and said:

"Pap wants to know what his share of that barrel of molasses is!"

"Your father don't owe me anything for molasses," answered the merchant.

"Well, dad said that your book customers would have to pay for that barrel that busted and he wants to know how much his share is and he will send it over."

Arab Horse Maxims.

Let your colt be domesticated and live with you from his tenderest age, and when a horse, he will be simple, docile, faithful and inured to hardship and fatigue.

If you have your horse to serve you on the day of your trial, if you desire him to be a horse of truth, make him sober, accustomed to hard work and inaccessible to fear.

Do not beat your horses, nor speak to them in a loud tone of voice; do not be angry with them, but kindly reprove their faults; they will do better thereafter, for they understand the language of man and its meaning.

If you have a long day's journey before you, spare your horse at the start; let him frequently walk to recover his wind. Continue this until he has sweated and dried three times, and you may ask him whatever you please, he will not leave you in difficulty.

Use your horse as you do your leather bottle; if you open it gently and gradually you can easily control the water within, but if you open it suddenly the water escapes at once, and nothing remains to quench your thirst.

Observe your horse when he is drinking at a brook. If in bringing down his head he remains square without bending his limbs, he possesses sterling qualities and all parts of his body are built symmetrically.

Four things he must have broad—front, chest, loins and limbs; four things long—neck, breast, fore-arm and croup; four things short—pasterns, back, ears, and tail.

The Oyster Plant.

Oysters are cheap enough and abundant enough in all conscience; and there is little need of us who live in the great oyster centres of trades talking about a substitute. Still there are some who do not like oysters, and vegetarians who won't eat oysters, and once and awhile some one who cannot get oysters, and to all these the salsify or oyster plant is a great blessing. There are, however, very few who can grow it well, and it is by no means uncommon to hear people say that their attempts to grow it have been time and money thrown away.

So far as our experience goes, it is no use to try to grow salsify on high, dry ground. What are called early gardens are not spots to try to grow this vegetable. It must have cool ground; and then we think it likes a heavy rich ground rather than a light one. The Jerseymen bring it to market sometimes in tolerably good condition, and we are apt to associate every Jersey crop with a rich, damp sand. However this may be, we have no doubt that in the ordinary garden soils a heavy one is much better for salsify than a light one.

And then it must be sown very early. It takes time to grow to a good size, and needs the whole season to do it in. It is not at all a tender plant. A little frost is laughed at; and so no one need fear to sow it as early as it can be got in for fear cold weather may follow the sowing.—*Germantown Telegraph.*

WOUNDS ON HORSES.—Whenever an injury is inflicted or a wound made on a horse it should be attended to at once, or with as little delay as possible. If any dirt is in the wound, it should be well cleansed with a soft sponge and lukewarm water. Then with a proper needle (a curved surgeon's needle should be used) and stout silk twist, pass as many stitches through the edges of the wound as will draw them and hold them together. These stitches should not be made as in sewing cloth, but the thread is to be passed through the skins at points directly opposite to each other. The two ends of the thread should be tied into a secure knot after drawing the edges of the wound closely together. If the edges are ragged, some care must be exercised to bring the corresponding parts into their proper place. If swelling takes place, apply cold water until it is reduced, and avoid all irritating or spirituous applications unless they become necessary. Nature will generally perform the cure if assisted to make a proper start.

MEAT FOR FOWLS.—During the last twenty-six years I have found the toes of chickens, including young turkeys, pheasants, and poultry, often completely eaten off, some crumpled up with sores, others with toes turned under the feet, and of course many deaths. I made the most careful inquiries as to the food given them, and in every case I found a large quantity of animal food was being used, such as hard-boiled eggs, mutton and boiled rabbit. A man in my employ once tried some mutton for young pheasants. I desired him to use it very sparingly, but my caution was unheeded, and in a few days numbers of the birds became lame, their feet and legs appearing as if dipped in hot water, the feet of many breaking out in sores, the toes turning up or completely rotting off, and only a very few recovering. No bird fell with the disease that had not been fed with the meat. My opinion is, that it also is caused by a too bountiful supply of animal food, and not by wet ground.—*London Live Stock Journal.*

APPLE BUTTER BRICKS.—We have all heard of bricks made of clay, but few of us have heard of bricks made of apple butter. And yet such an article is to be found in Philadelphia. The apple butter is carefully prepared and it is then made into bricks, and then all the moisture is evaporated from them and they are ready for transportation. They can be packed in boxes and be sent to Europe with safety. The apple butter does not ferment as when left in a liquid state. By the application of water to the bricks the article is ready for the table.—*Rural World.*

THE sum of $10,000 was paid for the mammoth ox "Otsego," that died as soon as it reached Philadelphia, where it was to have been shown, and its owners are said to have been offered $5,000 for its skeleton. As has been stated, the ox measured 26½ feet in length, stood over 7 feet in height and weighed 5,000 lbs.

THE WINTERS ADVOCATE.

SATURDAY.....AUGUST 26 1876

National Democratic Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT,

Samuel J. Tilden,
OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

Thos. A. Hendricks,
OF INDIANA.

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

S. M. TAYLOR, JOSEPH BUDD,
BARCLAY HENLEY, FRANK GUMAER,
J. C. SHORB, J. S. HAGER.

FOR CONGRESSMAN,
[Third District]
J. K. LUTTRELL,
OF SONOMA COUNTY.

New Yorkers complain that there is an odor from the Croton water that beats that of Grant, Robeson, Belknap and Boutwell combined.

The Indianapolis Sentinel says: "Hayes will not accept a second term." Time enough to talk about that when he gets his first term.

Both Whigs and Democrats used to hate the word abolitionist with a perfect hatred, but still they never so abhorred it, remarks the Indianapolis Sentinel, as the Radicals do now the word reform.

After next November Carl Schurz will feel a good deal like the Kentucky planter who took his hogs to Louisville and sold them at a great loss. He said he had the satisfaction of the hogs' company on the way down.

A correspondent of the Christian Union says you can no more keep rascals out of a party by putting the word "purity" into the platform, than you can keep crows out of a cornfield by writing "no thieving" on the fence.

Rev. Dr. Cox, Radical, known in former campaigns as "Hallelujah Cox," from his opening political stump speaking with prayer, will stump the State for Hayes and Wheeler.

To Tilden and Hendricks, in the present contest, the words of the immortal bard will strictly apply:

Thrice is he armed who has his quarrel just,
And he but naked, though locked in steel,
Whose conscience with injustice is oppressed.

One of the Radical campaign documents now being circulated states that under Grant the stealings have only amounted to 26 cents on every $1000! The taxpayers who have to foot the bill, can't be fooled with any such a 26-cent fish story as that.

Here's the remedy the Boston Herald proposes: "Let us see—do you remember what strong promises of reform the Radical party made in 1872, when it nominated Grant? The only way to make parties observe their pledges is to beat 'em when they don't."

Projects for the relief of "poor" President Grant are increasing. The latest is one to make him life President of the Smithsonian Institute with the salary of a General, and another to allow him a pension of $10,000 a year for life. Why not add to these a distillery of whisky straight?

Parke Godwin, of the Evening Post, an out and out Republican, thus writes: "I have known Saml. J. Tilden all my life, and I know him to be honest to the core, singularly conscientious in all he does, of great disinterestedness, and as a statesman, head and shoulders before any man now prominent."

Ex-Governor Booth is of opinion that the danger to the Republican party, is that "the masses suffering from the hard times of the past two years, may fall into the erroneous belief that a change of Government is all that is needed to better their condition." The masses are already believing in the absolute necessity of a change of government, and are showing their faith by their works.

The San Francisco Post, Radical, has the cheek to put forth the following:

The reduction of expenditures has been the systematic aim of every Republican Congress since the war closed.

Take, for instance, one, among a thousand of those systematic aims. In the first year of Lincoln's administration there were 47,000 office-holders. In the last year of Grant's administration they number 94,000!

The Napa Register, Radical, says: "Just let Tilden be elected, and then see whether he regards the public service for the benefit of the whole people (by keeping in old and able officials) or for the interests of office-seekers who work for him." "Keeping in old and able officials," is good; such for instance as Grant, Belknap, Boutwell, Robeson, Blaine, the whisky ringers, and so on, "old and able officials" in the thieving line.

We continue to gather them in. Ex-Governor Curtin of Pennsylvania, will take the stump for Tilden and Hendricks. Gideon Welles, of Connecticut, Secretary of the Navy under Lincoln, is out in a strong letter for Tilden and Hendricks, and Hon. George M. Julian, of Indiana, four times elected Member of Congress on the Republican ticket, has come out for Tilden and Hendricks and will stump his State in favor of their election. Ex-Lieutenant Governor Muller, of Ohio, who was elected on the same ticket with Noyes, when the latter was elected the second time, has also declared for Tilden and Hendricks.

WHITHER ARE WE DRIFTING?

In our last we presented the excuse of Radical Congressman Hoar, for the prevalent corruptions of his party, to-wit, that during the administration of Washington there occurred four cases of corruption and fraud! We now present our readers with a couple more of the arguments put forth in behalf and by way of excusing the actions of that notorious post-tradership fraud, Belknap, before the U. S. Senate. The first of these was by Hon. Matt. Carpenter, who declared, face to face with the Senators, that the American people are a nation of bribe takers, showing that Senators received boxes of cigars from persons who have business before departments for Senators to attend to, and he called particular attention to the receipt by prominent Government officers, Senators, members, and all kinds of railroad passes, telegraph passes, express passes, etc. He referred to the manner in which public men live, and said he could pack a jury, if he had the facilities of a United States Marshal in New England and in other States, that would convict any public man from the President down.

Now comes the plea of Hon. J. S. Black, in extenuation of his client Belknap, and we ask for it a careful perusal by all who would desire an answer to the question heading this article.

That the present Chief Magistrate, (said Mr. Black) has taken large gifts from his friends is a fact as well known as any other in the history of the country. He did it openly without an attempt at concealment or denial. He not only received money and lands and houses and goods amounting in the aggregate to an enormous sum, but he conformed the policy of his administration to the interests and wishes of the donors. Nay, he did more than that; he appointed the men who brought him the gifts to the highest offices he could bestow in return. Does any asser: that Gen. Grant was guilty of an impeachable crime in taking these presents even though the receipt of them was followed by official favors extended to the givers? Do we not all regard him still as one of the greatest heroes and sages the world has produced? Instead of being impeached and ignominiously removed from office he was flattered and re-elected. This all happens justly upon the legal principle which commands you to presume everything in favor of innocence. Gen. Grant's wealthy friends in New York gave him money not with any evil design upon his integrity, but because it was a pleasure to themselves; and Gen. Grant appointed them to office afterward not because they had bought his favor, but because he thought the public good required it. This is the just and legal conclusion in every case where there is no proof of a bargain and no distinct evidence of an intent to influence and be influenced corruptly. Is the law a respecter of persons? Does not a presumption which applies to the President in the plenitude of his power apply with equal force and even with stronger reasons to his fallen minister?

There is another class of cases more extensive and more numerous than these, in which the law and public opinion indulges officers in giving and receiving money for their personal purposes. A high-placed gentleman wants to be continued in power and to that end a certain number of popular votes is required. He demands from his subordinates money enough to get the votes and he enforces the order by a distinct notification that whosoever refuses to contribute will be dismissed from his place. These very post-traders were forced to make enormous contributions in that way and the aggregate sum thus raised for an important election amounts to many millions of dollars. Is this criminal? Certainly it is, if you adopt the principle of the Managers that every voluntary payment by an officer to any officer is ipso facto a crime. Is it corrupt? I do not say so. But if you say that Belknap could not receive money from Marsh without being corrupt, then you condemn to utter infamy the system to which I refer. It prevades the whole executive administration. If it be corrupt, then all the officers of the Government are thriving by corruption alone. They can keep their places if they pay for them in this way; if not, not. By that dishonest means alone can they hope for promotion. A public man, to use the figure of Curran applied to a similar condition of things in another country, is like a dead body in a mill-pond; he lies quietly and obscurely at the bottom as long as there is any soundness in him, but his bulk expands with the gases which corruption evolves; "he becomes buoyant by putrefaction, and rises as he rots." Surely it is not proper to say that this system is corrupt, seeing that all the great and good men now in the executive departments constantly practice it. Whether it is an evil that ought to be abolished or a virtue to be encouraged, is certainly a question on which there is some difference of opinion. What I assert is that there is no law which forbids it, nor no rule of morality among public officers which condemns it. That being the case, is it not horrible to convict this party, who has certainly done nothing worse?

The natural conclusion every candid man will arrive at after reading the above pleas in favor of venality, must be that the present administration aptly and justly occupies the position of the body in the mill pond, "it becomes buoyant with putrefaction and rises, in the estimation of its followers, as it rots."

THE CUSTER MASSACRE.

Gen. Reno, at the close of his report on the Custer massacre, breaks out in bitter denunciation of the Indian policy of the government. We agree with a contemporary that in the following sentence is concentrated the essence of the indignation which the soldiers feel at seeing their comrades slaughtered by men armed, equipped and provisioned by the Interior Department and the thieves that have control of it.

"The harrowing sight (says Gen. Reno,) of the dead bodies crowning the height on which Custer fell, and which will remain vividly in my memory until death, is too recent for me not to ask the good people of this country, whether a policy that sets opposing parties in the field armed, clothed and equipped by the same government, should not be abolished."

This question may cost Gen. Reno the favor of a dying administration, but the American people will answer it in the coming November.

Paymaster Spaulding, of the Navy, has been dismissed from the service, in consequence of allowing his clerk Pinney to abscond with about a million of the public money. So the money goes and the taxpayers foot the bill.

Two conventions of Liberal Republicans met at Saratoga, N. Y. on Wednesday last, one, representing 18 counties, declaring for Tilden and Hendricks.

A basis of reunion has been agreed upon between the South and North Methodist Episcopal churches.

Lake county has paid this year $1500 for squirrel tails.

THE FALSE AND THE TRUE.

On the 24th July, 1874, the New York Times, the leading Republican journal of the State of New York, said:

If the Republicans nominate Gen. Dix, Mr. Tilden could not run successfully against him.

Again, in its issue of Sept. 24th, 1874, it said:

Mr. Tilden is a very respectable man, but who could dream of electing him Governor in preference to General Dix.

And yet in that election Mr. Tilden was elected over Dix by a majority of over 53,000 votes.

Finding it had been acting the role of a false prophet so far in respect to Mr. Tilden, it turns and assumes the role of a true prophet, and after the election of Mr. Tilden, in its issue of Nov. 14, 1874, the Times said, in speaking of the result:

The result of the election yesterday will not be a surprise to anybody, except to a few persons in Washington, and it certainly will not surprise any of our readers, who have been kept tolerably well informed as to the causes which inevitably tended to produce the present overthrow of the Republican party. * * We doubtless see, today, the Presidential candidate for 1876, AND IF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY IS NOT CONDUCTED WITH GREATER WISDOM AND GOOD FORTUNE DURING THE NEXT TWO YEARS THAN IT HAS BEEN DURING THE LAST TWO, MR. TILDEN IS THE MOST PROBABLE SUCCESSOR OF GEN. GRANT.

The "greater wisdom" of the party being patent to all in the past two years, in first endorsing Grant and his administration, and afterwards attempting to throw him overboard for corrupt practices, gives color to the fact of the Times being a true prophet in the above prediction. It has seen Mr. Tilden nominated for President, and if it lives till November will see in him "the successor of Gen. Grant."

In New York State, which the Democrats acknowledge they must have in order to win, the Republican majority four years ago, was 53,455.—Napa Register.

True for you. But where was that Republican majority two years ago, when Tilden beat Dix by over 53,000 majority, making a difference in favor of Tilden of over 100,000 votes? Answer that, and lay in a stock of quinine for use when the shakes come on you in November.

OUR CORRESPONDENCE.

VACAVILLE, August 24, 1876.

EDITOR ADVOCATE:—We take pleasure in communicating to you a few items of our town.

Business is very good though more ought to be done, according to previous seasons.

Fruit is in abundance around here, and our valley supplies nearly all the San Francisco markets with the best of grapes.

A new furniture store has been opened on Main street, next door to Brown's barber shop.

Mr. Blake of the Centennial market, has sold out his interest to Mr. Bond.

The California College re-opened on the 17th inst., with a fair attendance.

There is a rumor about town that a Chinese store will be opened here.

Mrs. Wilson has put up a very large Althouse windmill and tank in her barn yard.

The Grangers had a Harvest Feast here last Saturday. There was a large attendance, especially of pretty girls. They had pies enough left over to feast a regiment of soldiers.

G. F. Tantau, of the house of Baker & Hamilton, was in town Saturday.

Mr. William Butcher was in town and informed us that he is threshing now in his field with a fair prospect.

Our fruit growers are getting discouraged in shipping fruit, not being accustomed to sell at present quotations.

Several gentlemen of this town are taking steps to raise funds to build a new public Hall. We wish them success, and think everybody will be liberal, as it would be of great advantage to our town, instead of leading our gallant ladies to the old Tivoli, (better known as old Box Factory), although the ladies never had any reason to complain of getting tired with fanning, especially when the south wind was blowing round that building.

THE TWO NORMANS.

DAVISVILLE, August 24, 1876.

EDITOR ADVOCATE:—Not wishing to occupy too much space in your columns, I would still like to give the readers of the live ADVOCATE a few items from Davisville, surrounded as it is by the best farming country in the State, as may be seen by visiting our warehouses.

Our friend Carey Barney was in town, looking after a party.

Gafford House will furnish the supper for the Odd Fellows on the 1st. Sept.

Davisville is exempt from politicians and small pox.

IMPROVEMENTS.

The Odd Fellows have completed a new brick Hall, 27x80 feet, which will be dedicated September 1st.

The Masonic Association is building a fine new brick Hall, to be completed in two months.

Dr. Gardner has a new drug store 27x80 feet, which would be an ornament to any city.

J. W. Gafford has rebuilt and newly furnished his hotel.

Terrell & Williams are also making improvements.

These improvements give Davisville a lively appearance. RETUAN.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

A reunion of Californians will be held at Philadelphia, September 5th.

The richest American girl has chosen a convent life.

A wild hog captured near Chico, had a tusk 13 inches long.

Bears are plentiful in the vicinity of Middletown, Lake county.

Some hard up individual in Nevada has gone to counterfeiting trade dollars.

Taxable property in San Francisco has increased in value this year $21,000,000

The Amador Dispatch advocates the nomination of N. Greene Curtis for Congress.

There are nine lines of stages running from Colusa.

The Granger's Convention in session in San Francisco, adopted a resolution that no wheat be sold in that market under $1 65 per cental.

They have a dwarf girl on exhibition in New Orleans, 23 inches in height and weighing 5 pounds, and has the appearance of a lively old woman.

Blood drinking at the slaughter houses, for the cure of consumption is becoming general in Cincinnati by the ladies.

"Talking matches" are the latest novelty; they'll abound in California between now and November.

The simultaneous death of Mr. and Mrs. Garner, of New York, leaves three little orphan children, worth $2,000,000 each.

The offering price for wheat at Portland, Oregon, is $1 35, at which price holders refuse to sell.

The amount of coin in California at the present moment is estimated at $20,500,000.

A new Baptist church, free from debt, will be dedicated at Yountville, Napa county, Sept. 1st.

A schoolmistress, name not given, of the town of Glencoe, West Virginia, was waylaid a few days since and outraged, after which the ruffians cut out her tongue and otherwise maltreated her person.

A Detroit paper, noting the fact that a man fell down dead while combing his hair, says, "And yet there are people who will persist in that dangerous habit."

Smuggler and Lula, the two famous trotters that have been disputing honors with Goldsmith Maid, are expected to visit California some time this Fall.

NEW THIS WEEK.

WINTERS BAKERY,
M. S. WAGNER, : PROPRIETOR
[SUCCESSOR TO J. WILSON.]
Corner of Main and Second Streets,
Winters.

ALL KINDS OF
BREAD, CAKES, PIES, CANDIES, ETC.
AND IN THE SEASON,
ICE CREAM AND SODA WATER.
aug26-tf

PHILADELPHIA BREWERY,
Corner of Fourth and Chestnut Streets,
SOUTH VALLEJO.
ORDERS for my superior creamy Lager will be received at the Brewery and the article delivered to my customers at Winters and vicinity by J. C. Lemmon, drayman.
aug26-tf F. DEININGER, Proprietor.

WANTED,
A MAN AND HIS WIFE: Man to garden and the wife to care for poultry. A good chance to the right party. Enquire of or address
C. NORWOOD,
Former editor of this paper.

BERRYESSA JOCKEY CLUB
Monticello, Napa County, Cal.
A SWEEPSTAKE RACE
WILL BE RUN AT
MONTICELLO,
—ON THE—
5TH DAY OF SEPT., 1876.
FREE TO ALL.
$25 entrance, $100 to be added by the Club. Single Dash of ½ a mile. Said Race to be run according to rules adopted by the Club. All horses to be entered on or before the 4th of September. Address all communications to the Secretary,
M. COHN,
Monticello, Napa County,
Or E. A. PEACOCK, President.

A GRAND BALL
WILL BE GIVEN ON
The Evening of the 4th of Sept.,
PREVIOUS TO THE RACE.
TICKETS, (Including Supper) $3 50.
aug19-td E. A. PEACOCK, Proprietor

J. R. EDMONDS,
WOODLAND.
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
HARNESS!
SADDLES, BRIDLES, HALTERS, BUGGY ROBES, LAP DUSTERS, WHIPS, GLOVES, ETC.
ALL KINDS OF REPAIRING
DONE TO ORDER
AND AT LIVING RATES.
aug19-tf

PAINT SHOP
FOR SALE OR RENT.
THE PAINT SHOP OF JOSEPH MURRAY, ON Abby, near Railroad street. This shop is centrally located and has been doing a good business, especially in the
CARRIAGE PAINTING LINE.
For further particulars inquire next door to the shop of JOSEPH MURRAY.
aug19-1m

HOWARD SPRINGS.
(TWELVE IN NUMBER.)
COLLECTIVELY CONTAIN,
Iron—Carb. Oxide, Sulphate.
Magnesia—Carb. Sulphate Chloride,
Soda—Carb. Sulphate, Borate.
Lime—Carb. Phosphate Chloride, Iodide Potassium, Chloride Sodium, Alum and Iodine, highly charged with Carbonic Acid Gas and are a certain cure for
RHEUMATISM, GOUT, OLD SORES, SCROFULA, SKIN DISEASES, FEMALE DISEASES, GRAVEL, CALCULUS, DIABETES, DYSPEPSIA, CHILLS AND FEVER, DROPSY, CHRONIC DYSENTERY,
And all diseases having their origin in an impure state of the
STOMACH, LIVER AND KIDNEYS,
AND
IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.
Baths of any desired temperature.
Howard Springs are situated in Seigler Valley, Lake county. All kinds of game in abundance. Good Camping.
aug12-tf J. W. HOWARD, Proprietor.

C. H. GAROUTTE. W. B. TREADWELL.
TREADWELL & GAROUTTE,
SEARCHERS OF RECORDS AND ATTORNEYS AT-LAW,
Woodland, Yolo County, Cal.
Special attention paid to business in the Probate Court. aug12-tf

M. A. NURSE,
COUNTY SURVEYOR OF YOLO COUNTY,
IS PREPARED to do surveying in any part of the county, at the shortest notice. Office in the Court House, Woodland. aug12-tf

WINTERS ADVERTISEMENTS.

HARLING,
LOWRY & CO,
RESPECTFULLY INVITE
THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC,
To the fact that they have just received a Large Stock of
Spring and Summer
GOODS,
CONSISTING OF
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HARDWARE,
CROCKERY,
GLASSWARE, ETC.
Together with every thing kept in a
General Merchandise
STORE.
We have bought our goods
AT LOW FIGURES
And will sell them at
Greatly Reduced Prices
WE KEEP
First-Class Goods,
AND
WARRANT SATISFACTION.
GIVE US A CALL
Before Purchasing Elsewhere,
AND EXAMINE
Goods and Prices.
HARLING, LOWRY & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS
Main street bet. Railroad and First,
WINTERS, Yolo county Cal.
jy15-tf

H. B. SHELDON,
AGENT FOR
A. POWELL,
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
Building Material!
Lumber,
Sash,
Doors,
Blinds,
Mouldings,
And all kinds of Mill work done at our Pioneer Factory at Vallejo.
Plasterers' Material.
Office and Yard near R. R. Depot,
WINTERS.
Orders solicited and promptly attended to.
Also, Yards at South Vallejo, Davisville and Dixon.
All material sold at these yards is of the best quality. jy22-tf

NEW WAREHOUSE!
New Inducements.
REDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF STORAGE
THE attention of those having WHEAT TO STORE is called to our terms as follows:
RATES:
Grain Weighed and Yarded for....20 cents per ton.
Grain Weighed and Stored to October 1st.....50 cents per ton.
Grain Weighed and Stored for the Season.....75 cents per ton,
For further particulars apply to
aug5-tf HILL BROTHERS.

WELCH'S
WINE AND BILLIARD PARLORS,
Main Street bet. Railroad and First.
CHARLIE WELCH, PROPRIETOR.
CHOICE
WINES, LIQUORS, AND CIGARS,
A FINE
BILLIARD TABLE
HAS JUST BEEN SET UP.
jy15-tf

MANSFIELD & THEODORE

Mansfield & Theodore
WINTERS, YOLO COUNTY, CAL.,
—AND—
VACAVILLE, SOLANO COUNTY, CAL.
DEALERS IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
Grain and Grain Bags,
CLOTHING AND DRY GOODS,
HATS, CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES.
HARDWARE,
AND
Farming Implements,
TINWARE,
CROCKERY,
WINES AND LIQUORS,
Groceries and Provisions,
FURNITURE, CARPETS, OILCLOTH, AND MATTING,
DRUGS, PAINTS AND OILS,
All of which are offered for sale at prices that defy competition. We carry the Largest Best assorted and most complete Stock this side of San Francisco.
GENTS, BOYS AND CHILDREN'S READY MADE CLOTHING AND GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.
LADIES' READY MADE UNDERWEAR.
Highest market prices paid for
GRAIN, WOOL AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.
WE ARE AGENTS FOR LEADING FAVORITE AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS OF THE PACIFIC COAST.
Call and examine our Stock before Purchasing Elsewhere.
AGENCY OF WELLS, FARGO & CO.,
AGENCY OF WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY,
AGENCY OF
IMPERIAL FIRE INS. CO. OF LONDON.
"QUEEN" FIRE INS. CO. OF LIVERPOOL.
LONDON AND EDINBURGH,
FIREMAN'S FUND INS. CO OF SAN FRANCISCO.
NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INS. CO. OF LONDON & EDINBURGH
With
MANSFIELD & THEODORE.
ap18-tf

BABCOCK'S
Fire Extinguisher.
Every Farmer should have One.
BLUM & CO.
HAVE THEM FOR SALE,
And are the only authorized Agents in this section.
With this Extinguisher you are SAFE. Without it, one single hour may consume more than ten times its Cost.
A WORD TO THE WISE IS SUFFICIENT
jy 1-tf

ADVANCES ON
WHEAT AND PRODUCE,
SHIPPED PER
Farmers' Line
Of First-Class Vessels to
ROBERT RODGERS & CO.
LIVERPOOL.
VESSELS CHARTERED TO ORDER
GRAIN BAGS FOR SALE.
RODGERS, MEYER & CO.,
212 Battery Street, San Francisco.
aug5-tf

Dr. W. C. Harding,
DENTIST.
LOCATED AT SUISUN, SOLANO COUNTY, CAL.
OFFICE—At Residence on Solano Street.
Branch offices at Winters and Vacaville.
Address all Communications to office at Suisun.
aug5-tf

VEGETABLE and FRUIT
STORE.
CHARLES H. YOUNG, : : PROP.
Main Street near First, Winters.
FRUIT, VEGETABLES, POULTRY,
AND ALL KINDS OF
COUNTRY PRODUCE
ALWAYS ON HAND
MY WAGON will visit the Farmers in this vicinity and will pay the Highest Price for Produce. aug5-tf

TIME TABLE,
To take effect Monday, April 10, 1876,
Until further Notice.

VACA VALLEY RAILROAD

GOING SOUTH.	NO. 1.	NO. 3.
	A. M.	P. M.
Leaves Winters:	6:20	3:15
" Allendale	6:40	3:35
" Vacaville	7:15	4:10
Arrives, Elmira	7:20	4:25
GOING NORTH.	NO. 2.	NO. 4.
	A. M.	P. M.
Leaves Elmira	10:40	7:00
" Vacaville	11:00	7:53
" Allendale	11:25	8:15
Arrive, Winters	11:50	8:25

WHISTLE FIFTEEN MINUTES BEFORE LEAVING WINTERS.
G. B. STEVENSON,
ap8-tf Superintendent.

BROWN'S
LIVERY AND FEED STABLE,
First and Baker Streets,
HORSES AND CARRIAGES
ON HAND
DAY AND NIGHT.
HORSES BOARDED BY DAY OR MONTH
At Reasonable Rates.
nov6-tf R. BROWN, roprietor.

CENTENNIAL SALOON,
MAIN STREET, NEAR FIRST.
ELY & McGRATH. : : Proprietors.
WHERE CAN BE FOUND A CHOICE SUPPLY OF
WINES, LIQUORS, LAGER BEER and CIGARS
OF FAVORITE BRANDS.
CALL and see us, and being refreshed, enabled to go on your way rejoicing. jy15-tf

MEAT MARKET.

JEANS & McMURTRY Proprietors
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Beef, Pork and Mutton,
Main Street, Winters, Yolo county, Cal.
nov6-tf

THE WINTERS ADVOCATE.

BY CHAS. H. CLAPP, Postoffice building, is our authorized agent for receiving subscriptions and collecting all accounts for the ADVOCATE.

POSTOFFICE NOTICE.

Mail Arrives at Winters....11:30 A.M. and 8:50 P. M.
San Francisco and Southern Mail closes. 3:00 P. M.
Sacramento, Northern and Eastern " "..8:30 P. M.

OFFICE HOURS.

7 o'clock A. M. to 5 o'clock P. M., and 7 o'clock P. M. to 9 o'clock P. M.

ON SUNDAYS.

8 o'clock A. M. to 10 o'clock A. M.; 4 o'clock P. M to 5 o'clock P. M.

ap15-tf LORENZO MOODY, Postmaster.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

CHURCH MATTERS.—On the afternoon of Sunday last, Messrs. Butler, Saling and Ball were elected Elders of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church in this town, in connection with S. C. Wolfskill and Mr. Hildebrand, present acting Elders, and at the conclusion of the evening services, Messrs. Saling and Ball were ordained Elders, according to the usages of the church, Mr. Butler having previously been an Elder, and therefore already ordained. On Sunday, the organization of the Sabbath School connected with the church was perfected with Elder Hildebrand as Superintendent; Mrs. Ball, Assistant Superintendent; Mr. Craig, Librarian; Mr. Spaulding, Secretary; Rev. Mr. Morris, teacher of the Bible Class, with three or four additional teachers, and over fifty scholars. Sabbath School every Sunday at 3 o'clock, P. M.

The arrangement for services at the Methodist and Cumberland Presbyterian churches in the future will be as follows: In the Methodist Church, the pastor will occupy the pulpit on the first and third Sundays of the month, and the Christian Church the second and fourth Sundays. Sabbath School every Sunday, at 9 o'clock, A. M. The pastor of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church will hold services on the first and third Sundays of the month, and Elder Prior, of the Baptist Church at Woodland, on the fourth Sunday of the month, with the probability of services being held on the second Sunday of the month also.

Rev. Mr. Snider, of Dixon, will preach in the Methodist church to-morrow, Sunday, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

I. O. O. F.—We are in receipt of a complimentary ticket for a Grand Ball, to be given by Yolo Lodge, No. 169, I. O. O. F. at Davisville, on the 1st September, in their new and handsomely fitted up Hall. Previous to the Ball, the dedication of the Hall and the installation of officers will take place. Onnie Reed, Ed. Fisher and J. A. Brown are the committee of invitation for Winters. We promise a pleasant time to all who may attend, ourselves among the number.

SLIGHTLY MISTAKEN.—The Record-Union of Monday last said: "There is now and has been for the past thirty days about ten tons of wheat shipped daily from Wiuters." The slight mistake made in this statement, is the putting "tons" for car-loads of ten tons each, but the actual average of daily shipments foot up nearly 200 tons. In our warehouses there is now stored 7,500 tons of wheat, with daily receipts of about 300 tons.

PUBLICATIONS.—We are in receipt of Nos. 1, 2 and 3 of the Illustrated "Wasp." It is devoted to the election of Tilden and Hendricks. It is a neat, spicy sheet, and its sting is pungent.

B. W. Crowell, canvasser for the San Francisco Rural Press was in town on Saturday. The Press is a valuable paper, and we are glad to know its patronage is co-extensive with its merits.

ELECTION.—The election announced by the Trustees of Pine Grove School District, at which the question of voting a tax of $2500 to pay off the School House debt was submitted for adoption or rejection, was held on Saturday last at the School House in this town. Forty-three votes were polled all save one in the affirmative. D. P. Edwards was elected Assessor and J. A. Brown, Collector.

LAGER.—J. C. Lemmon, our accommodating drayman, backed up his cart the other day and delivered by order of Fred. Deininger of the Philadelphia Brewery, Vallejo, a keg of his creamy lager, which the boys pronounce to be about equal to the nectar of the gods. See advertisement elsewhere.

STATE MEETING.—We are requested to give notice, that the great annual State Meeting of the Christian Church convenes at the old State Meeting ground, about one mile north of Yountville, Napa county, on the 22d September. The solicitors for Berryessa Valley are Major John H. Seawall, R. Gillaspy, John Smittle, P. Griesgby and A. Clark.

A HINT.—"Yes, you may come again next Snuday evening and take me to church and go home with me, but"—and she hesitated. "What is it, darling? Have I given you pain?" "You did'nt mean to, I'm sure, but next time please don't wear one of those collars with the points turning outward; they scratch so."

PHOTOGRAPH OF WINTERS.—Mr. J. W. King, photographer, has placed in our office a photographic view of the principal business houses, hotels, churches, school house and railroad depot of Winters. The picture is well executed and handsomely framed and can be seen in our office, where subscriptions will be received for copies.

CAMP MEETING.—There will be a Camp Meeting, commencing on the 18th September, on the old Camp Ground, one mile from Winters. A public table will be kept for the accommodation of those who do not wish to camp and provide for themselves. Good accommodations, at a fair price.—There will also be a corral for the care of horses. J. C. SIMMONS, B. H. RUSSELL.

DIXON DEMOCRATIC CLUB.—Hon. Barclay Henley will address the Dixon Tilden and Hendricks Club, on Wednesday evening next, August 30th, on the issues of the day. A cordial invitation is extended to members of sister clubs to be present on the occasion, which we hope will be availed of by a delegation from Winters.

BREVITIES.

Weather delightful—cool, breezy and healthful.

Wanted—good chance. See ad. in another column.

Doctor Bell has removed his office to the Postoffice building.

If Thomas G. Hoyt is around here, he is informed that he has fallen heir to an estate, and is wanted at Hopkinton, N. H.

Of the specimens of ten inch peaches from the orchard of S. C. Wolfskill, Esq., received at this office through our friend W. A. Hall, we couldn't get away with more than one at a sitting.

The trip of two of our young and handsome citizens, to Woodland, designed for Saturday last, was postponed till late next day. Cause—unfaithfulness of a Sacramento tailor.

Harry Barr is fixing up his oyster saloon—an awning in front and a cellar in the rear to store the delicious bivalves.

The Chicageans are luxuriating on California for which they pay five cents apiece. Think of that fruit growers around here. Plums five cents each! Young has 'em for 75 cents a box, 300 in a box.

John Burke, a prisoner in the county jail at Woodland, made his escape on Monday evening last. He was a member of the chain gang.

PERSONAL.

Castillo Ball, Esq., of Woodland, was in town on Monday on business connected with the law, and J. W. King, photographer of Woodland, was also in town, and reported business lively in his line.

G. V. Boggs, "Gunnybags," of the Solano Republican, was in town on Tuesday.

W. M. DeWitt, Esq., of the law firm of Lambert & DeWitt, Woodland, was in town on Thursday.

Rev. W. M. Tabb, who has been holding services in the Presbyterian Church for the past two weeks, leaves to-day for his home in Contra Costa county, to return again early next week.

F. Deininger, of the Philadelphia Brewery Vallejo, was in town Thursday.

QUACK DENTISRY.—It seems strange to us that so many persons will patronize every tramping dentist botch that comes along, to find their money gone and themselves surely swindled. Winters has had a sprinkling of such traveling bilks in the past year. These tooth carpenters have taken the money of their victims, and when filling drops out into the mouth or the tooth aches have to go to the responsible dentist, the bilks being non est. The cases coming to our notice of such botching by these itinerant bilks, induces us to advise those who have need of any dental operation, to consult a responsible dentist, one who has a permanent home somewhere. Good dentists are scarce and are nearly always found with plenty of business on hand, while the dental botch is driven about from one place to another, not daring to appear a second time, or stay long enough in one place to afford an opportunity of testing his skill. Avoid all these and patronize only such an one as you have confidence in; one whom you can be assured will do you justice.

ACCIDENTS.—On Wednesday last, Lee Humphrey, son of Mr. E. A. Humphrey, was engaged in driving cattle, when his horse stumbled over a calf and fell to the ground, bruising him severely, especially on his neck and breast and side. Fortunately no bones were broken, and Dr. Gregory, who attended the case, says, that though severely bruised, the lad has sustained no permanent injury.

On Monday last, O. D. Reed, Jr., conductor on the V. V. R. R. fruit train, received a severe injury to one of his hands by its coming in contact with the sharp edge of a scythe, at Elmira.

BUSINESS CHANGES.—J. A. Abbay ha disposed of his property and blacksmith shop and carriage factory to D. F. Scoggins. Mr. Abbay, we understand, has purchased 320 acres of the Scoggins' ranch, and will move thereon. We wish our friend Abbay all manner of success in his new occupation.

M. S. Wagner has purchased the Bakery establishment of J. Wilson, and will continue the business. The late patrons of Mr. Wilson will find the new proprietor prepared to supply their wants in his line as usual.

BOY WANTED.—A smart boy that can read and write, can find a good place one week in a month, with Dr. W. C. Harding, Dentist, during his monthly visits to Winters. Must not be less than 10 years of age, and must be perfectly willing to assist in the office generally. Please address Dr. W. C. Harding, (in own hand writing) at Suisun.

SCHOOL MONEY.—The County of Yolo has 2,879 children, and her apportionment of school money is $3,685 12, or $1 28 per child. The total number of school children in the State is 184,787.

FOR RENT.—The room recently occupied by Dr. Bell, on Main street. Apply at the Drug Store.

BERRYESSA ITEMS.—Incendiaries have been busy in Monticello and other portions of Napa county. In addition to the attempts on the property of Mr. Peacock and Mr. Mann, the Napa papers report that grain fields, barns, out-buildings and fences have been fired.

The Napa Register, of Saturday last, says:

The Putah Canyon Road from Berryessa to Winters is reported badly cut up, and so badly cut up that a good deal of wheat from that direction has commenced coming to this city in preference to Winters.

The Napa Reporter, of the same day, on the other hand, said:

Only a small quantity is received from Berryessa Valley, most of the wheat of that section going by way of Winters. Formerly toere used to be four warehouses filled here every season; now hardly enough wheat is stored in Napa to fill one.

WOODLAND.—The Democrats of Woodland met in Central Hall on Saturday night last, pursuant to announcement in our last issue, and perfected the organization of the Tilden and Hendricks Club, by electing J. C. Ball, Esq. President; Messrs. Saunders, Watkins, Webber, Steinmetz and O'Farrel, Vice Presidents, and Giles Gill and Bruce Pendegast, Secretaries, with an Executive Committee, consisting of the President and ten members.

The Club met again on Thursday evening when stirring addresses were delivered by Mr. Walk and other gentlemen.

A dangerous sand bar is forming in the river at the foot of N street, Sacramento.

COURT CALENDAR.

The Courts of Yolo County are held as fo lows:

There are three terms of the District Court, commencing on the third Monday of January, May and September. The Law Day for each of these terms is held on the tenth day n xt preceding the commencement of each of the said terms.

There are also held three Special Equity Terms of said Court, commencing on the third Monday of March, July and Novemb r.

There are four terms of the County Court, commencing on the first Monday of January, April, July and October.

There are also held four terms of the Probate Court, commencing on the respective days of the County Court, of which the County Judge is ex-officio Judge of the Probate Court, which is always open and in session for most business connected with the settlement of estates of deceased persons, and business of guardians.

The Board of Supervisors hold their regular sessions on the second Monday of each month.

Dr. W. C. Harding, Dentist, will be at Winters, 28th Aug. to 2nd Sept.
Suisun 4th to 9th Sept.
Vacaville, 11th to 16th September.
Suisun, 18th to 23d September.
Address all communications to office at Suisun.

WINTERS ADVERTISEMENTS.

WINTERS HOTEL,

MAIN STREET BET. RAILROAD AND FIRST.

O. L. PATCH, : : Proprietor.

FIRST-CLASS

Board and Lodging

BY THE

Day or Week

—AT—

REASONABLE RATES

A CHOICE LOT OF

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS,

ALWAYS ON HAND

AT THE BAR.

jy15-tf

DRYFUS & SPAULDING,

DEALERS IN

Choice Family Groceries

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Provisions, Fruits and Vegetables, Etc.,

Always on hand. A fresh supply of

Candies, Nuts, Oranges, and Lemons.

Choice Cigars and Tobacco.

We pay the Highest market price for

Country Produce.

Store in Sackett's Building, Main St. WINTERS, YOLO COUNTY, CAL.

aug5-tf

EDWARD HAYES,

CORNER OF FIRST AND ABBY STS

Having enlarged his establishment, is now prepared to do all kinds of

Work in his Line

INCLUDING

Carriages, Wagons, Farming Machinery and Turning

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

AND he does not propose to be outdone in workmanship, or in fair, honorable dealing.

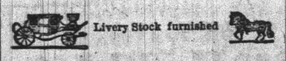
HORSE SHOEING A SPECIALTY.

jy15-tf

WINTERS

Livery and Feed Stable,

Corner First and Abby streets, Winters.



Livery Stock furnished

On Shortest Notice.

HORSES BOARDED AT REASONABLE RATES.

THE patronage of friends and acquaintances from the country is especially solicited,

jy22-tf JOHN A. BROWN, Proprietor

MISCELLANEOUS.

WINTERS

Hardware Store,

MAIN STREET BETWEEN RAILROAD AND FIRST,

J. R. TERRILL, : Proprietor.

Has constantly on hand

HARDWARE, STOVES, PUMPS, TINWARE, CROCKERY WARE, GALVANIZED IRON PIPES

PAINTS AND OILS,

All kinds of Tinware

Made to Order,

ALSO AGENT FOR

Althouse Wind-Mills.

WE are prepared to put up and furnish al parties with the above named Wind-mills.

ALSO

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

jy15-tf

WINTERS STORE

CORNER OF MAIN AND FIRST STREETS, WINTERS.

DON'T FORGET THE NEW

Boot and Shoe Store.

BOOTS AND SHOES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION SOLD

Cheap for Cash.

ALSO BOOTS AND SHOES

MADE TO ORDER.

QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS.

IS MY MOTTO.

R. D. FITZGERALD, Prop.

my27-tf

CAPITAL HOTEL

WOODLAND.

HAVING PURCHASED, THOROUGHly renovated and refurnished this old and favorite house throughout, the patronage of the traveling and resident public is respectfully solicited.

GOOD BOARDING AND COMFORTABLE ROOMS

At REASONABLE PRICES by the day or week. The TABLE will be supplied with the best the market affords.

NO CHINESE COOKS EMPLOYED.

Free 'BUS to and from all passenger trains.

JOHN TACKNEY, Proprietor.

jy15-tf

WINE AND BILLIARD **Parlors,**

Sackett's Building, Main St. bet. Railroad and First.

T. B. LYON, : : PROPRIETOR.

THE BEST OF WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS,

On hand, also a First-class

BILLIARD TABLE.

aug12-tf

BUILDING LOTS.

THE undersigned have Twenty-five very

DESIRABLE TOWN LOTS, —FOR— Dwelling Houses,

FOR SALE AT

Very Low Rates,

IN WINTERS.

aug12-tf BLUM & CO.

PALACE SALOON.

M. WADSWORTH HAS REFITTED REfurnished and renamed the saloon formerly occupied by Johnson & Norman, has on hand a choice lot of

LIQUORS AND CIGARS,

And everything in complete running order.

Toplease is my Motto

jy1-tf M. WADSWORTH, Proprietor.

EL DORADO BILLIARD ROOM,

MAIN STREET, WINTERS.

Fresh California and Eastern

OYSTERS,

IN ALL STYLES.

THE BEST WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS constantly on hand.

jan22-tf HARRY BARR, Proprietor.

L. H. WOOLLEY. B. MORON.

MORON & WOOLLEY,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

Country Produce,

No. 422 Davis Street, bet. Oregon and Jackson Streets,

SAN FRANCISCO.

P. O. Box, 1848. apl-tf

J. P. FLOBERG,

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,

No. 60 J Street, bet. Second and Third, SACRAMENTO.

Watches and Chronometers Repaired and warranted. Jewelry Made and Repaired. nov6-tf

E. R. BUSH,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR-AT-LAW

WOODLAND, CAL.

Will practice in the District and Supreme Courts.

jy15-tf.

WINTERS ADVERTISEMENTS.

Blum & Co.,

DEALERS IN

CLOTHING AND DRYGOODS,

BOOTS AND SHOES

STATIONERY

SCHOOL BOOKS,

HARDWARE

FARMING IMPLEMENTS,

TINWARE,

CROCKERY,

GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS,

DRUGS,

PAINTS,

OILS,

TOBACCO

CIGARS, WINES AND LIQUORS,

GRAIN BAGS.

All of which we will sell at the

LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR

GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

ALSO AGENTS FOR

MACHINERY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

—AND

Averill's Celebrated Chemical Paint.

Corner Main and Railroad Avenue

WINTERS.

nov6-tf

WINTERS!

A Prosperous Town

Lots for Sale at Low Prices and on

TERMS TO SUIT.

APPLY TO

G. B. STEVENSON,

Supt. V. V. R. R.

OR

MANSFIELD & THEODORE.

nov6-tf Winters. Cal.

SAN FRANCISCO MILLINERY STORE,

CORNER OF FIRST AND MAIN STREET,

Winters.

MRS. FITZGERALD,

HAS OPEN HER

MILLINERY STORE,

WITH ALL THE

LATEST STYLES

ap15-tf

ABBAY'S

BLACKSMITH AND CARRIAGE SHOP,

WINTERS, YOLO COUNTY, CAL.

JOBBING of all Descriptions

PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Carriages and Wagons Made to Order

HORSE SHOEING A SPECIALTY.

Nov15-tf

F. E. BAKER.

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR-AT-LAW

OFFICE—At the Court House, Woodland.

jy15-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

F. B. Chandler

DEALER IN

Fencing Posts, Pickets, Doors, Windows, Blinds, Mouldings, Lime, Lath, Wood,

AND ALL KINDS OF

BUILDING MATERIAL.

We propose to keep a general assortment of all kinds of

MERCHANDISE

Appertaining to our line, and most respectfully solicit a share of

THE PUBLIC PATRONAGE.

CHOICE STOCK OF

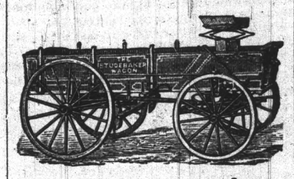
DRY FINISHING LUMBER

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

A. H. BRUNSON.....Agent

ap6-tf

BUY STUDEBAKER



Iron Axle and Thimble Skein

FARM, TEAM, HEADER and SPRING

WAGONS,

ALSO

Buggies and Carriages.

THEY ARE THE

BEST IN MARKET.

BLUM & CO., Agents, WINTERS.

E. E. AMES,

GENERAL AGENTS, SACRAMENTO.

my27-tf

SADDLES, HARNESS AND Carriage Trimming,

Front or Railroad Street, bet. Abby and Edwards,

WINTERS.

E. A. HUMPHREY, PROPRIETOR.

KEEPS a large and select stock of HARNESS, SADDLES, WHIPS, SPURS

In fact everything in the line at the LOWEST RATES.

Repairing and Jobbing done at the SHORTEST NOTICE.

nov6-tf

STARR & LITTLE,

GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FRUIT, PRODUCE, POULTRY, EGGS, BUTTER, GRAIN, &c., &c.

No. 312 Washington Street, bet. Front and Battery, San Francisco.

Consignments Solicited and Orders promptly filled. ap15-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

EMPIRE BREWERY,

MAIN STREET, WINTERS.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INforms the Public that he has opened a Branch of his Business in Winters where he intends to carry on the same kind of business he has in Napa for the past 19 years and hopes by always keeping on hand

Distilled and Malt Liquors,

Besides the different kinds of

Mineral Waters

To be able to command a share of the

Public Patronage.

AGENCIES FOR

Empire Brewery, Lyon & Co.'s Ale and Porter, Napa Soda Springs, Pacific Mineral Water Co.'s Goods, such as

BELFAST GINGER ALE, ENGLISH LEMONADE, AND SODA WATERS,

All Kinds of

Syrups, Bitters, Etc.

Lewis Castleman's Whiskies, 7th District Ky.

Boone County Distillery Co., 6th District, Ky.

C. P. Moormann, Louisville, Ky., A. P. Metalling & Co., Agent.

Cyrus Noble's Distillery, Lilienthall & Co., Agents.

The above line of goods will be sold to BARS or FAMILIES in quantities to suit, and can always

BE RELIED ON AS REPRESENTED.

During the past 19 years he has made it a point to sell goods ON THEIR MERITS.

Foreign and Domestic Wines, ALWAYS ON HAND.

JAMES DONNELLY, NAPA AND WINTERS.

jy29-tf

Pioneer Drug Store,

I. M. Whitney

Calls the attention of the Citizens of

WINTERS

And Vicinity, to his well selected stock of

CHEMICALS AND DRUGS,

AND general assortment of Patent Medicines, Fancy Toilet Articles, Colognes, etc.

PHYSICIAN'S PRESCRIPTIONS

Put up with the Greatest Care and Attention, Day or Night.

STORE—Main Street, Winters,

jy15-tf

STATIONERY AND NEWS DEPOT,

Winters.

AND NOW COMES

C. DAVIS AND E. FERGUSON,

With a Large Selected Stock of

STATIONERY,

BLANK BOOKS, SCHOOL BOOKS, MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, SHEET MUSIC, ETC.

Also all the Latest Newspapers.

FINEST CIGARS AND TOBACCO ALWAYS ON HAND.

ALL of which we propose to sell CHEAP FOR CASH. ap15-tf

L. L. LEWIS & CO.,

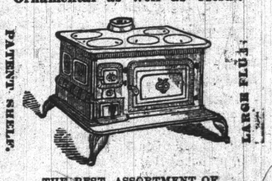
132 and 134 J street, Sacramento.

HAS RECEIVED SOME OF THE

IMPROVED RICHMOND RANGE.

The Latest Out.

Ornamental as well as Useful.



THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS

IN THE CITY.

PRICES VERY LOW.

nov6-tf

JOSEPH B. MURRAY,

HOUSE, SIGN AND CARRIAGE PAINTER

WINTERS, YOLO COUNTY, CAL.

PAPER HANGING, GRAINING AND GLAZING,

PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

aug12-tf

CARPENTER AND JOINER,

J. D. LITTLE,

Is now prepared to do all work in the way of

BUILDING AND JOB WORK,

And will furnish practical working

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS

On short notice and at

Reasonable Prices.

ALL ORDERS left at Shop corner First and Abby Streets, will receive prompt attention. ap1-tf

B. H. PETTIT,

No. 55 K St., bet. Second and Third, Sacramento.

Cigar Manufacturer,

AND DEALER IN

Havana Cigars, Smoking and Chewing TOBACCO.

GILT EDGE FINE-CUT, by the pound. All orders from the country will receive prompt attention. No Chinese employed. dl1-tf

WIT AND HUMOR.

"I'm losing flesh," as the butcher said when he saw a man robbing his cart.

QUITE likely. Somebody says that birch-rods make the best baby-jumpers.

WHILE one hymn book is good enough for a pair of lovers, it takes two to supply them with music after they are married.

POE'S monument at Baltimore is to have on it a marble raven, and all his friends are ravin' because it will be a white one.

A GREAT many of our exchanges indulge in cutting satire; that is, they cut it from other papers and pass it off as their own.

KANSAS TEACHER.—"Where does our grain go to?" Boy.—"It goes into the hopper." "What hopper?" "Grasshopper," triumphantly shouted the lad.

"WHAT! no more ammunition!" cried the captain of a military company on a field day. "No; no more," replied his men. "Then cease firing," replied the officer.

HARVEY discovered the circulation of the blood before he was thirty-four. Yet some editors get to be over a hundred before they can discover the exact circulation of their own newspapers.

"YOU must have lived here a long time," said an Englishman to an Oregon pioneer. "Yes, sir, I have. Do you see that mountain? Well, when I came that mountain was a hole in the ground."

AN enthusiast, who had been to hear Anna Dickinson lecture, wrote her, saying: "With you I could be happy in a desert." And she wrote back: "No man will ever have a chance to desert me."

"EXCUSE this bit of sarcasm," said Smith to Jones, "but I must say that you are an infamous liar and scoundrel." "Pardon this bit of irony," said Jones to Smith, as he knocked him over with the poker.

IT was a printer who perpetrated this double-barrelled, breech-loading, pun-conundrum: "Why is an old man's farm in Texas like the focus of a sun-glass? Because it is the place where the sons raise meat."

RECENTLY, at a wedding, when the clergyman asked the young lady: "Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" She, with a modesty which lent her beauty additional grace, replied: "If you please."

"WHAUR's yer awksent, mun?" bawled a brawny Scot to a Cockney who was murdering the Scotch dialect in some public readings. The reader's wit was better than his elocution, for he immediately rejoined, "Why, you've got it."

"MADAM," cynically observed a gentleman, to a leader of fashionable society in Washington, "woman doesn't seem to be so much of a 'clinging vine' as she once was." "That's because of the extreme insecurity of the manly oak," she replied.

SISTER.—"Well, you know, Bobby, your eye's very inflamed; you can't go out with Tommy Brown till that speck of dust's out of it." Bobby (anxious to be off)—"I'm all right—I know it's out now—(earnestly)—I—I think I heard it fall." —*London Fun.*

"I'D like you to help me a little," said a tramp, poking his head into a country store. "Why don't you help yourself," said the proprietor, angrily. "Thank you, I will," said the tramp, as he picked up a bottle of whisky and two loaves of bread, and disappeared.

Two young men out riding were passing a farmhouse where a farmer was trying to harness an obstinate mule. "Won't he draw?" said one of the men. "Of course," said the farmer, "he'll draw the attention of every fool that passes this way." The young men drove on.

STRANGE, Moore and Wright dined together one day. After dinner, Moore said,—

"There's only one fool among us three, and that's *strange*."

"O," cried Wright, "there's one *more*."

"Ah," said Strange, "that's *right*."

AN Irishman went to the theatre for the first time. Just as the curtain descended on the first act an engine in the basement exploded, and he was blown through the roof, coming down in the next street. After coming to his senses he asked, "An' what piece do yez play nixt?"

SANDY TODD was a character in his way; an old bachelor and occasionally a little crusty. Being sent to market one day, and arriving home rather late, his mistress addressed him thus: "Weel, Sandy, what geepit ye sae late at the toon the nicht?" "It wasna curiosity," replied Sandy.

TERRIBLE MISTAKE.—A doctor, calling on a gentleman who had been some time ailing, put a fee into the patient's hands, and himself took the medicine which he had prepared for the sick man; he was not made sensible of his error till he found himself getting ill, and the patient growing better.

AT a recent exhibition of paintings a lady and her son were regarding with much interest a picture which the catalogue designated as "Luther at the Diet of Worms." Having descanted at some length on its merits, the boy remarked, "Mother, I see Luther, and the table, but where are the worms?"

JOHN HENRY, reading to his wife from a newspaper: "'There is not a single woman in the House of Correction.' There, you see, don't you, what wicked creatures wives are? Every woman in that jail is married." "It is curious," said she, "but don't you think, John, dear, that some of them go there for relief?"

"PA, will you get me a pair of skates if I will prove to you that a dog has ten tails?"

"Yes, my son."

"Well, to begin, one dog has one more tail than no dog, and no dog has nine tails; and if one dog has one more tail than no dog, then one dog must have ten tails."

He got the skates.

TWO Dutchmen once got into a dispute about the English language, each one contending that he could command the best. They made a bet at length, and appointed a judge to decide between them, and accordingly they began. "Vell, Chon," said the first, "did it rain to-morrow?" "I shall think it vash," said John. Wasn't that judge in a quandary?

NEW USE FOR POODLE DOGS.—A lady who kept one of these curly abominations, lately, lost her pet, and called upon a detective to find it. The next day the officer came with the dog, which was very wet and dirty. The lady was overjoyed, and asked forty silly questions; among others, "Where did you find the dear darling?" "Why, marm," replied the officer, "a big fellow had him tied to a pole, and was washing windows with him."

A Droll Army Pet.

We find in the Brooklyn *Argus* this account of a goat, which our young friends will be pleased to read:

Some recent stories of queer traits of animals remind me of a goat that belonged to the garrison at Camp Goodwin, Arizona Territory, when I was stationed there in 1867–8. He was a huge Billy, of a brownish color, and had been brought to the camp by some New Mexican volunteers in 1862, so that he was quite venerable in appearance when the regular troops came to the post and adopted him. He was so military in his habits and manners that the boys christened him "Napoleon," and he would never answer to any other name. You might call him "Nap," and tempt him with all sorts of edibles, but he would not recognize the call by the slightest sign, but give him his full title, and he became immediately alive to the prospect of grub. Napoleon was always stately and sedate in his motions. He resided at the "guard-house," and turned out regularly with the relief on dress parade and Sunday morning inspection. He always fell in on the right of the line, and remained motionless during the ceremonies. On parade he was like a statue, until the Adjutant gave the word, "Parade's dismissed," when he would step off slowly and resume his position at the guard-house. Any one in uniform could approach and pet him, but he allowed no liberty from civilians, and was "down on" Indians and Mexicans to a remarkable extent. Napoleon's queerest trait was the regularity with which he accompanied the "guard rounds" every night. At every military post the officer of the day has to make the round of the sentries once, at least, between midnight and daylight, accompanied by the sergeant of the guard and a detachment of one of the off reliefs. This is called the "guard rounds." When the officer approaches the guard-house, the sentry on No. 1 challenges:

"Who comes there?"

If after midnight, the answer was:

"Friend."

Napoleon never moved, but if the answer was "Officer of the day," he was on his feet in an instant. He would stand beside the sentry until the guard had fallen in, the countersign and parole, if any, had been exchanged, and the officer's escort detached. Then he placed himself beside the officer, who marches in the rear of the escort, and made the rounds of every post. When a sentry challenged, Napoleon stepped to the front, advanced with the sergeant while he gave the countersign, remained standing by the officer of the day, while he examined the sentry, and then, falling into his place, would continue with the rounds until they reached the guard-house, when he would go comfortably to sleep, and rest peacefully in the consciousness of having done his full duty.

He came to an untimely end in March, 1868. A cowardly Apache shot him with an arrow. He lingered for three days, carefully attended by the post-surgeon, and the officers and men vied with each other in making him comfortable. The poor animal seemed to recognize their kindness, and would turn his glazed eyes up to the faces of those around him. The corporal's call for a relief to turn out always produced a spasmodic movement in his limbs, as if he fain would take the usual place. He died just at reveille one morning, and the garrison was as sad as if one of its members had perished. He was buried with military honors, and a headboard recounting his virtues still stands in the valley at the back of the Post Hospital.

The Foundation of Our Republic.

They err who look no farther back than 1776 for the foundation of this great Republic. The warp and woof of our splendid web was spinning when the Anglo-Saxons of King Alfred's time established trial by jury, and also when the great charter was signed at Runnymede. When the Long Parliament resisted the first Charles, and tried him for treason against the nation, our web was pretty well woven; and shortly after that the Bill of Rights and Habeas Corpus act were incorporated forever with Anglo-Saxon institutions. Our Declaration of Independence was only the legitimate conclusion of these long strides toward civil and political freedom, and it is never to be forgotten that the colonial regime trained up our first and best patriots, statesmen and heroes.

Self-government was, in fact, the normal condition of the New England colonies and all the feelings and instincts of the people pointed toward independence from the first settlement of the country. The concurrence of the Southern colonies in the War of the Revolution was the most remarkable thing in that struggle, and the statesmanship of England must have been wretched which produced such a unanimity of resistance.

We do not, however, forget that all through the war there was a considerable portion of the colonists opposed to it. These were called Tories by their enemies and United Empire Loyalists by themselves; and these Loyalists, after suffering great hardships and losses, furnished the best settlers of the British Provinces, to which many of them removed during or after the war. It is further remarkable that these U. E. Loyalists became in Canada the strongest advocates of self-government, strict responsibility of the administration of the people, and in fact all that the American colonies had claimed before the Declaration of Independence.

This shows how firmly the principles of liberty and self-government had taken root in the whole population of the American colonies, Tories as well as Patriots. And now our business during our second century will be to imbue our vast accessions of heterogeneous peoples with the same principles.—*N. Y. Witness.*

"BUT THIS WAS TOMMY'S, AND HE'S DEAD!"—As we passed along the street one day, we saw a little boy sitting upon the curbstone. He was about five or six years of age, and his well-combed hair, clean hands and face, and tiny but well-patched pinafore, indicated that he was the child of a poor and loving mother. As we looked at him more closely we were painfully struck with the heart-broken expression of his countenance and the tears rolling down his cheeks. We stopped, and, placing a hand on his head, kindly asked him the cause of his trouble. He replied by exposing to our view the fragments of a tiny toy— the figure of a cow.

"Oh, is that all? Well, never mind it. Step into the toy-shop here and buy another," and we dropped a fourpenny piece into the little fellow's hand. "That will buy one, will it not?"

"Oh, yes," said he, in a flood of grief; "but this was Tommy's, and—*he's dead!*"

NEVER run in debt unless you see a way to get out again.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKET.

[Quotations, unless otherwise specified, represent receivers' prices in lots, marketed on wharf or from store.]

FLOUR.—The export demand continues; the low prices ruling are tempting to shippers. Exports for the week have been as follows: 26,861 qr sks, 465 hf sks, and 1,037 bbls to China; 1,179 hf sks, 150 qr sks, and 5 bbls to Panama; 9,182 qr sks and 760 hf sks to Central America, and 400 qr sks to Mexico. Our local millers are busy shipping the home and foreign demand with extras at steady prices. We quote superfine at $4 00@$4 25; standard brands, $4 50@$4 75; extra superfine, $5 00; extra family, $5 25@$5 75.

WHEAT.—Cablegrams from Liverpool of August 19 quoted that market 9s 1d@9s 4d for average California, and 9s 5d@10s for Club. Total depreciation since Aug. 1st, 3d @5d per cental. This falling off has not had any noticeable effect on our markets as yet, though the natural results of lower prices in Liverpool are to restrict purchasing to immediate wants, especially at times of contentions between exporters and producers. Yet we have to remark a good demand for all coming forward at steady prices. In a few instances we notice buyers are a little more particular in purchasing, being inclined to shade prices below $1 52½ for anything but the best shipping parcels. We note the shipment of 7,057 ctls to Australia, and the sale of 4,000 ctls choice proper to a Chinaman at $1 60. The market for gilt-edged milling is firm and quotable at the above figures when here. The deliveries to this port for the week are 253,863 ctls, against 253,442 ctls for the corresponding period of 1875. These figures, it will be seen, compare very close. We quote new milling, choice, at $1 55@$1 57½; extra superfine, $1 45@$1 50; superfine, $1 35@$1 42½, according to quality; choice shipping, $1 50@ $1 52½; fair to good shipping, $1 40@$1 47½; mixed wheat, $1 30@$1 37½, as to condition.

BARLEY.—The market has been on the descending scale all the week for feed parcels; receipts very heavy. Latterly with continued heavy arrivals, the market is very much depressed, and concessions are necessary to move stocks. Sales at the close at 90@92½c, silver, for Coast Feed. Old Brewing had a good call earlier in the week. Sales where effected are above our quotations, but the demand has slackened, and with light supplies the market is not quotable above the following rates. Lower rates of freight have been obtained to St. Louis and Chicago, and we note a few small shipments, but the margin is too small to admit of free shipments at present ruling prices. The Commercial Herald, dated Aug. 17th, gives the exports by sea since July 1st, destination, etc., as follows:

Cleared.	*Name of Vessel.*	*Destination.*	*Ctls.*	*Value.*
July 23..	Federica Maria..	Iquique....	21,332	$19,205
Aug. 1..	Truch.....	Iquique....	15,883	14,295
Aug. 10..	Mary Whitridge....	Iquique....	22,896	20,600
Aug. 11..	Corolla.....	Liverpool..	1,887	2,400
To other countries.....			2,966	3,126
Totals.....			64,896	$59,579
Same period 1875.....			1,128	1,966
Same period 1874.....			337	1,154
Same period 1873.....			32,101	37,183

We quote Bay Feed at 97½c@$1 00; Coast Feed, 95c@$1 00; Old Brewing, $1 25@$1 30.

OATS.—The deliveries have been more liberal, but the demand continues good. Choice milling sells at $1 80@$1 90. Extra heavy Surprise, if here, would probably bring $2 00. We quote milling at $1 65@$1 85; good to choice feed, $1 50@$1 70; ordinary feed, $1 30@$1 40.

CORN.—Arrivals light, with corresponding demand. Large yellow and white are quotable at $1 22½@$1 25; small round, $1 27½@ $1 30 ₱ ctl.

RYE.—The market has been very quiet, with few offerings. We quote: $1 40@$1 50, with large supplies.

WOOL.—

	RECEIPTS. BALES. Oregon.	California.	EXPORTS. LBS.
January.....	39	726	709,162
February.....	3	757	831,350
March.....	—	1,000	900,519
April.....	161	31,325	4,294,594
May.....	147	37,233	9,408,913
June.....	822	14,038	3,196,087
July.....	3,709	5,964	3,347,394
August, date.....	1,857	3,414	1,283,684
Total shipments from S. F., to Aug. 1.....			25,690,935
Total shipments from interior, to Aug. 1.....			1,652,375
Grand total shipments, to Aug. 1.....			27,343,310

The demand for spring Wool has been good; each lot coming forward found buyers at full figures. Fancy parcels of both Northern and Eastern Oregon sold at very high figures. Holders of such parcels have their ideas up to a speculative fever. Valley Oregon—considerable quantities have been shipped East on owner's account. Fall Wool is coming in quite rapidly, but no sales of note other than sample lots. We quote Northern at 19@21c; Burry, 17@18c; Oregon, Eastern, 14@16c; do Valley, 19@21c.

BAGS AND BAGGING.—The market favors the buyer. We quote: Barley Bags, 32x40, at 13c; Barley Bags, 24x40, 14½c; Barley Bags, 28x36, 16¼c; Machine-sewed, 22x36, 11¼c; Hand-sewed, 22x36, 11¾@12c; Flour Sacks, halves, 9@11c; Flour Sacks, quarters, 6@7c; Standard Gunnies, 11½@12c; Wool Sacks, 4 lbs, 52½c; Wool Sacks, 3½ lbs, 47½c; Burlaps, 45 in., 9c; Burlaps, 40 in., 8c; Burlaps, 60 in., 12@12½c.

BEANS.—We note the offering of Pea Beans at $1 70@$1 75, bid. Trade is very quiet. Lots from wharf are quotable as follows: Bayo, 4¾c; small White, $1 60@$1 75; Peas, $1 75@$1 85; Pink, 2½@4c; Red, 2¼@ 2½c; large Butter, 2@2¾c; small do, 1½c ₱ lb. Castor beans are in request. The mills here are paying 4c for all clean lots.

DAIRY PRODUCE. Butter—Receipts of fresh roll are steadily falling off, but the demand continues to be light, and stocks with some dealers are accumulating, except for choice parcels, which are in ligiter supply than wanted. We note sales of pickled roll at 30c, by the quantity, held at 32½c from store. Eggs—the market has been dull, and steadily favors the buyer, at declining prices; Choice Eastern by express brought 30c; common down to 15c. We quote as follows: Choice fresh roll California Butter, 34@36c; fair to good roll, 27½@32½c; pickled roll, 30@32½c ₱ lb; Cheese, 14c; Eastern Cheese, 10@14c ₱ lb; California fresh laid Eggs, 37½c; Oregon Eggs, 30c; Eastern Eggs, 20@30c ₱ doz.

FRUITS.—Peaches have been poor in quality, few good enough for our outside quotations; the bulk sold at from 30@50c. Plums have done a trifle better. Pears and Apples sell well, if choice. Melons abundant and cheap. Berries dull. We quote Peaches, ₱ basket, 10@75c; Pears—Bartlett, ₱ basket, $1 00@$1 25; Pears, ordinary to good, ₱ basket, 40c@$1 00; Plums ₱ basket, 25@60c; Grapes, 20@75c ₱ box; Blackberries, $3 00@$4 00; Strawberries, $5 00 @$7 00 ₱ chest of 80 lbs; Bananas, $2 50@ $4 00 ₱ bunch; Pineapples, $6 00@$6 50 ₱ doz; Limes, $37 50 ₱ M; Sicily Lemons, $6 00@$7 00 ₱ 100; Cantaloupes, 25c@$1 25 ₱ doz; Watermelons, $6 00@$9 00 ₱ 100.

FRUITS, DRIED.—There is a good demand. We quote Apples, quartered, at 6½@ 7c ₱ lb; Apples, sliced, 7@8c; Apricots, 11@ 12½c; Peaches, 8@9½c; Plums, pitted, 14@15c.

NUTS.—Almonds, 10c for hard and 18@20c for soft shell; Brazil, 12½@14c; Filberts, 16 @20c; Hickory, 10@11c; Pecan, 12½@14c; Chile Walnuts, 10@11c; California Walnuts 12@14c; California Peanuts, 8@9c ₱ lb; Cocoanuts, $7 00@$8 00 ₱ hundred.

POTATOES.—Prices advanced on the 16th inst., in consequence of lessened receipts from Half Moon Bay, and a good export demand. At the close we hear of sales at $1 05 as extremes. The demand is by no means important. Sweets declined to $1 00, but for the past few days prices have been steadily advancing. At this writing $1 75 is the market price. We quote: Choice, 90c@$1 00; fair to good, 70@80c ₱ 100 lbs; Sweets, $1 75 ₱ 100 lbs.

ONIONS.—Onions are steady. Red are quotable at 40@50c ₱ ctl; Yellow, 70@75c.

PROVISIONS.—Jobbing rates are for California Smoked Bacon and Eastern Sides, in jobbing lots, 15@17c for heavy to light; California plain Hams, 15c; Eastern Hams, 17¼@18¾c; California Lard, 14¼@16¾c; Eastern do, 15@17¾ for all styles of package; California Smoked Beef, 9@10c ₱ lb; Beef Tongues, $20 00; Pigs' Feet, $24 00; Mess Beef, $9 50@$11 00 for bbls, and $6 50@ $8 00 for hf bbls; Pork, $19 00 for Prime, $22 50 for Prime Mess, $24 00 for Mess and $27 00@$28 00 for Clear and Extra Clear.

MEATS AND LIVE STOCK.—Beef in good supply; Mutton lower and in large supply; Pork, dressed, firm; Hogs scarce. The following are the wholesale rates: Beef, 4@7c, according to quality; Calves, 4@8c; Mutton, 3@4c; Lamb, spring, 5½@6c; Pork (Gross), 7¼@7¾c; do dressed, 10¼@10¾c.

POULTRY.—We quote: Hens, $8 00@$9 00; Roosters, $5 50@$7 50 ₱ doz; Broilers, $3 00 @$4 00 ₱ doz; Geese, tame, $2 00@$2 25 ₱ pair; Ducks, do, $5 00@$7 00 ₱ doz; Turkeys, live, 22@25c.

HIDES.—The market rates are steady for all kinds. Following are cash prices paid in this market: Dry, 10@12½c, for usual selections; Wet Salted are quotable at 5@7c. The New York price at date given at 16c, gold for dry.

A New Industry.

We desire to call attention to the subjoined extract from the San Francisco *Journal of Commerce*. The Wickoff Patent Water Pipe has but recently been introduced upon this coast, although it has been in use in the East for many years, especially in the states of West Virginia, Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Tennessee, Mississippi, Louisiana, and in the Dominion of Canada, where it is giving universal satisfaction. The following Railroads are using it in large quantities and with perfect success: The Michigan Central; Jackson, Lansing and Saginaw; Canada Southern; Ohio and Mississippi; Union Pacific; Northern Pacific; Chicago, Burlington and Quincy; Alton and St. Louis; Lake Shore and Michigan Southern, and others. It is undoubtedly the best as well as the cheapest gas and water pipe in use, and we commend it to the attention of all parties interested in either gas or water conveyance.

THE WICKOFF PATENT WATER PIPE,

Of which C. D. Wheat, 740 Fourth street, San Francisco, is the agent, exhibits in the Machinery Department some of their Water Pipe, which is a most remarkable illustration of the adaption of wood for uses for which iron has most generally hitherto been deemed indispensable. It is manufactured of the red fir of Puget Sound, one of the most durable kinds of timber, which on being tested by the Government officers at Mare Island, has been pronounced superior to Oak. The timber of which the Pipes are manufactured is that from the trunk below the limbs, and all portions containing sap are carefully discarded. The remaining portions of the trunk is then bored with the Wickoff Augur, which leaves the core intact. The core is then bored for a smaller Pipe, the one of this for another smaller again, and so on till the material is exhausted. By this method no material is wasted and cheapness is secured in the manufacture which in no instance hitherto has been ever attained. It is then seasoned in a steam chamber and spirally banded, when it is ready for use. It has been introduced into Chico for gas and water purposes, and has proved itself quite equal to the best Iron Pipe ever used. Before being laid they are coated with Asphaltum, which protects the outside while the water or gas preserves it on the inside. Its advantage consists in its cheapness, the ease and rapidity with which it can be laid, the fact that it can be put down by unskilled labor, and tapped at any time or place by the same kind of labor. It also possesses the advantage over Iron Pipes of always giving forth a regular, undiminished stream of water as long as the sources do not give out; whereas, in the case of Iron Pipe the diminution in the flow caused by incrustations is such that in particular instances a three-inch Pipe laid ten years has become reduced in capacity to two inches, and six-inch mains to five and four inches. The length of time that it will last unchanged is strikingly illustrated by a section of Pipe used in the Elmira Water Works, New York, on exhibition here, which taken up after the expiration of fifteen years, seems as sound as the day when it was laid.—*S. F. Journal of Commerce.*

A New Enterprise.

ATTENTION, HOUSEKEEPERS!—NEVADA AND CALIFORNIA AGAIN TRIUMPHANT!

Messrs. Smith Bros., of San Francisco, having control of the supply of Borax recently discovered in the State of Nevada, have inaugurated what is termed a Package trade for the sale of Pulverized Borax.

The excessive cost of this article heretofore has prevented its use for general purposes, being confined to the arts and medicine.

The fact will not be disputed that Borax possesses greater cleansing and purifying qualities than any other known salt, and all impurities are removed from any article brought in contact with it. To the housekeeper it is invaluable, for it rids her of all cockroaches and other vermin; it cleanses her wood-work, carpets, marble, glassware, pots and kettles; it softens the water; keeps the cream, milk and butter sweet; it washes the clothes without rubbing or the use of but a small quantity of soap; it cures chapped hands or rough or red face; it allays all inflammation; it cleans the scalp; should always be used in the bath, especially for infants and children, and when washing the face and hands night and morning. It renders your black dresses as good as new, and your daily use of it will soon convince you that it is indispensable.

The retail price established by them for their Pulverized Borax, put up in packages under their trade-mark and warranted chemically pure, is 25 cents, more than one-half less than existing prices. At this rate considering its many varied uses, it is the cheapest article that enters the household.

It will during the coming month be introduced in San Francisco and its vicinity, and we bespeak for it a fair trial from our housekeepers.

Be sure and enquire of your grocer or druggist for Smith Bros. Pulverized Borax, in packages—twenty-five cents a package—and see that their trade-mark is on the box.

Wire Goods.

It is becoming quite the style, among a certain class of exhibitors at our annual fairs, to place upon exhibition goods prepared "expressly for the occasion," by a liberal use of varnish, gold leaf and tinsel, instead of articles taken from the "stock in trade" that were manufactured for use and not for display. If our mechanics and dealers would place in our fairs only such articles as are manufactured in the usual course of business for actual sale and use, and not for the purpose of mere display, our fairs would be much improved in reputation as well as usefulness. We are glad to observe that among our exhibitors, at the Mechanics' Institute Fair, now being held in San Francisco, many are adopting this course. Notably among these is the National Wire and Lantern Works, of New York (Howard & Morse, proprietors), represented by John P. Bering, late manager of Eckfeldt & Co. Mr. Bering has placed upon exhibition standard goods, selected from his large stock of mining wire cloth, foundry riddles, coal, ore and sand screens, spark catchers, galvanized wire goods, wire fencing, nursery fenders, railing, summer houses, bird cages, together with any variety of fancy wire work, etc., etc. Notwithstanding the fact that Mr. Bering has not wasted varnish or gold leaf upon his goods, yet his display is one of the finest in the Pavilion. Parties designing to purchase any kind of wire goods will do well to give Mr. Bering a call before purchasing, as his goods are A No. 1 in quality, and he sells at the very lowest market rates.

The Star Spring Bed.

No spring bed that has yet been introduced to the public seems to possess all of the requisites of a *first-class bed* in so eminent a degree as this. At the Mechanics' Institute Fair, in Francisco, where it is now upon exhibition, it is a centre of attraction among that class of visitors interested in household appliances. A full-sized bed is composed of 140 steel springs. The springs are united diagonally, by a four-armed wire clamp, and the whole are so arranged, that a pressure applied upon any portion of the surface of the bed is equally distributed and sustained by all of the springs. The bed is light; can be easily handled; both sides are alike, and can be used either side up; has no attached frame of wood. It affords no hiding for vermin, no receptacles for dust. It can be kept as clean and as sweet as the crockery upon your tables. It has, in short, all of the good qualities of the best Spring Beds yet invented—with none of the faults. We are using one and cheapened, and by the soil or debris being brought directly to the surface without uncoupling, or any disturbance of the screwing or boxing shaft. The operation is made so certain as to leave no question of the great benefits which will speedily accrue to this State from its introduction.

Trusting for you a rich pecuniary success, I remain, gentlemen, yours truly,

WELWOOD MURRAY.

MR. TABER has just achieved a wonderful success, in producing one of the most life-like pictures of a deceased lady, well-known to the residents of San Francisco, and prominent in all good works and labors of love. This lovely Crayon was produced under most infelicitous auspices, being formulated from several unsatisfactory pictures, and the entire *ensemble* changed to meet the wishes of friends who desired the likeness to represent the lady as she was at the latest period possible. As by a cast of inspiration, the artist has caught the exact idea, and the result is one of the most satisfactory and faithful of pictures.

CANCER CAN BE CURED.—Dr. BOND, of Philadelphia, announces his discovery for the radical cure of Cancer. *No Knife! No Pain! No Caustic!* Remedies with full directions sent anywhere. Pamphlets and particulars sent *free*. Address with stamp, Dr. H. T. BOND, 859 North Broad st., Philadelphia, Pa.

The Best Photographs

On the Pacific Coast are now made at the New York Gallery, No. 25 Third street, San Francisco. Prices to suit the times.

J. H. PETERS, Proprietor.

A PLEASANT, safe and effectual remedy for Bright's disease, diabetes, gravel, and all diseases of the bladder and kidneys, is KEARNEY'S EXTRACT BUCHU. There is none to equal it. Sold by druggists. Advice gratis.

TRAPPER'S INDIAN OIL.—The simplest and most powerful remedy for rheumatism, neuralgia, sore throat, and all aches and pains. Sold everywhere, at fifty cents per flask.

HEALD'S BUSINESS COLLEGE.

THIS is an excellent school for boys and young men. It educates thoroughly and disciplines carefully. Young men should examine this School before attending elsewhere. For information call at the office, 24 Post St., or address E. P. HEALD, S. F.

COMMERCIAL HOTEL,

MONTGOMERY ave. and Kearny st., San Francisco, two blocks west of the Post-office—Street cars from all the Steamers and Railroad Depots, and Free Coach and Carriages to the Hotel. HORNBLOWER & SAXE, Proprietors. Hotel is brick, four stories, contains 175 large rooms, all perfectly lighted and ventilated, bathing rooms, (hot and cold water) and closets on every floor; street frontage 321 feet, three flights of stairs, and one *Patent Hydraulic* ELEVATOR. Hotel and furnishing *all new*—cost nearly $245,000. Will be kept FIRST-CLASS, at $2.00 per day, and less by the week or month. Come and See!

MORSE'S PALACE OF ART, 417 MONTGOMERY St., San Francisco.

BUY A STYLISH BUGGY, GOOD AND cheap, from LOWRY, 506 Front Street, S. F.

EVERY FAMILY WANTS IT. Money in it. Sold by Agents. Address M. N. LOVELL, Erie, Pa.

$10 to $25 per day. Send for Chromo Catalogue. J. H. BUFFORD'S SONS, Boston Mass.

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